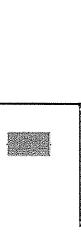
- S TOUS @
- An analog pressure indicator that shows the SF6 tank pressure.
- Temperature compensated on analog
 Screen
- *Application can be done on site as "quick connection ®" (plug & play) for all without any leakage test repetition.
- 2 versions available
- No-visibility of main contact
- Viarbility of main contact







- * Findication on Office
- SM6-24 unit is completely in normal conditions.
- If indication is just on border between Qreen and red
- * SW6-24 unit OK
- Unit may remain energised
- Unit can be operated (open or close) while energized
- e indication is on **700**
- SM6-24 unit must be replaced, immediately
- Unit may remain energized until replacement
- Unit can be operated (open) for once while energized
- For replacement, the unit has to be switched off through the adjacent units.







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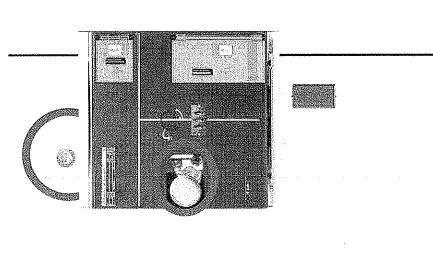
Symeider Electric - Infrastructure 3U - Product Activity - ALTINAY - December 2012

BAPEC

- A density switch to monitor SF6 tank pressure with auxiliary contact for remote indication or local electrical interlocking,
- Local indication of pressure (LCD display)
 - No need of auxiliary supply
- * Temperature compensated
- *Application can be done on site as "quick connection®" (plug & play) for all without any leakage test repetition.

2 versions available

- No-visibility of main contact
- Visibility of Hain contact

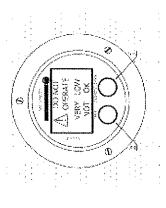








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- # SF6 density control result is "OK"
- SIM6-24 unit is completely in normal conditions.
- If SF6 density control result is "LOW/ OK"
- SN6-24 unit OK
- Unit may remain energized
- Unit can be operated (open or close) while energized
- * If SF6 density control result is "VERY LOW/ NOT OK"
- SM6-24 unit shall be replaced immediately
- Unit may remain energized until replacement
- Unit can be operated (open) for ones while energized
- For replacement, the unit has to be switched off through the adjacent units.





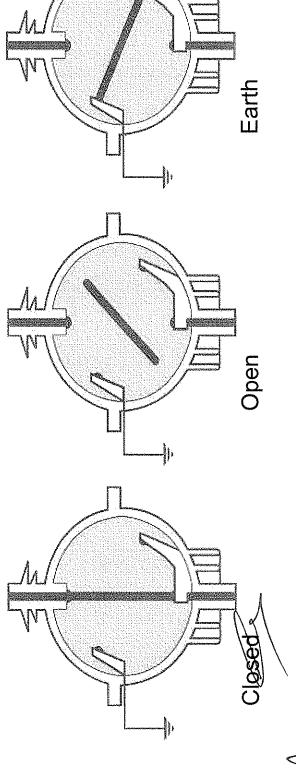
DANGER

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(D)

Soft and casy operation (total confidence)

S positioned Load Break Switch (LBS) / Disconnector

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e Andrews

* Making Capacity at Carting Switch

enternal arc (safety membrane on the LBS/Disconnector)

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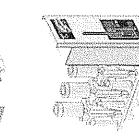
8

You can choose the best technologies for your protection chains

 SF6 CB range (lateral disconnectable / withdrawable) 630A & 1250A, 25KA/1s, 24KV







Vacuum CB range (lateral disconnectable)

630A, 25KA/1s, 24KV





630A & 1250A, 25KA/1s, 17.5KV Vacuum CB range (frontal fix)



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Ectrical characteristics (1)

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solation	j	50.60 HZ, 1min (% ms)		8	32	45	D9
Insulation		1.2/50 µs (kV peak)	<u> </u>	9		95	125
Isolation	<u>a</u> .	1.2/50 µs (kV peak)	eak)	2	() ()	<u> </u>	(C)
Breaking capacity							
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Cables off load	**************************************	4		31.5			
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Snort-time withstand	X N	KK KANS	رم ام	- OSO	1250		
			8	630 - 1250	9		
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Making capacity	Œ	4	62.5			31 22	
			8	089			
			9	630			
			27.52	<u>8</u> -00	630		

* Electrical characteristics (2)

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solation	ŭ	50/60 Hz, 1 min (RV ms)	23	32	45	9
insulation	Ω.]	1.2/50 µs (kV peak)	9	9	95	125
solation	5	1.2/50 µs (kV peak)	2	Ω Ω	0,1	<u>10</u>
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SF6 circuit breaker range						
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Vacuum circuit breaker range	() () ()		,			
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		K.A.	20			
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Protection Type	<u> </u>		Relays	
		VIP 300	Op wedes	Sepam 20
Three-phase overourrent	20.00	Σ	Δ	
Zero-sequence overcurrent	Z	D	Δ	Σ
Very sensitive Zero-sequence overcurrent	2 2 2 3 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4			Σ
Thermal image	3		Δ	Σ
Communication				Σ
Negative seq. overourrent	\$			Σ
Single-phase undercurrent				Σ
Long start-up				
Self powered			A	N

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<u>...</u>

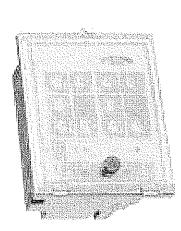


DOPIOS FOR FOR JOHOLE

VIP range, a cost-effective solution

VIP35: Overcurrent & Earth fault Transformer protection





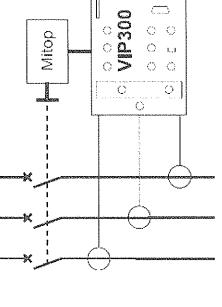
Network profection



- * Self-powered protection relay
- Designed for use in power distribution systems that may be used to protect MV/LV transformer, incoming points of industrial installations or branch feeders.
- Sensor

10A – 1250A	CRa/CRb/CRc
Current operating range	Sensor's type

- Reducing your acquisition & operation costs
- No althric bower supply necessary



Simplified wiring diagram

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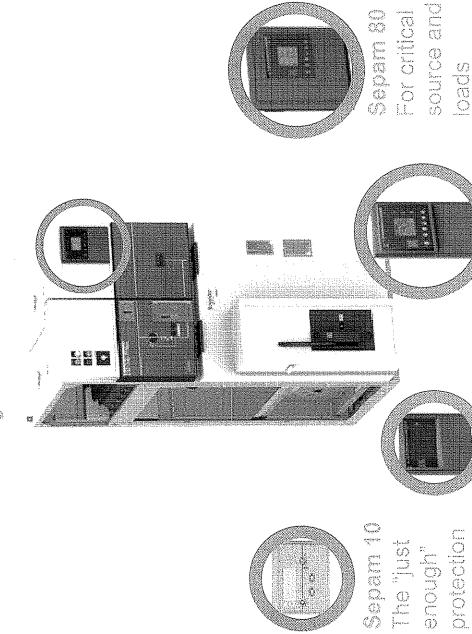
BAPHO Castrudura Bu - Promos Activity - ALTINAY - December 2012

RESTRUCTION OF A STATE OF A STATE

SOOM INTO

* Monitoring

· Control



For basic loads

For important source and

Sepam range offers you especially costeffective & just enough, essential protection
relay reliability.

Designed for use in power distribution systems that may be used to protect MV/MV branch feeders, MV/LV transformer, incoming points of industrial installations.

Type of Sensor

O CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	description applied
Current operating range	20A – 1250A
Sensor's type	CRa/CRb

- * Reducing your acquisition & operation costs
 - Simplified solution with communication
 - * Norteed computer assistance



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- Palastudo o Boli- Product Adealty - R. Tinkly in Desamber 2612



FOLOGIAN ON STOCKEDS

» LPGT is a Low Power Current Transformer

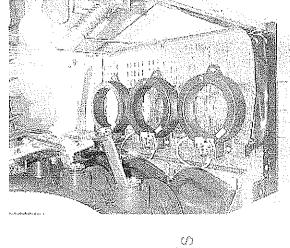
Type of Sensor

Reducing your acquisition & operation costs

Cost effective even though as sensitive as traditional CTs

Simplified solution with advantage of Sepam 20/40/80

e nnovative and unique







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TOPOLISOPOLISOPALISOLISOPALISOLISOPA



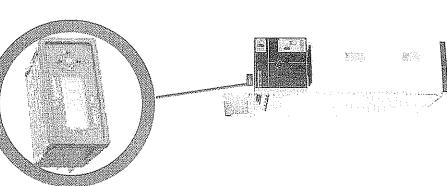
 Fault current passage indicators are adapted insulation, impedant and direct earthing. product to all neutral earthing system:



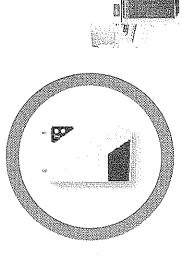
Clear and comprehensive display

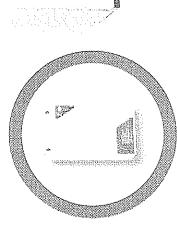
» Maintenance free











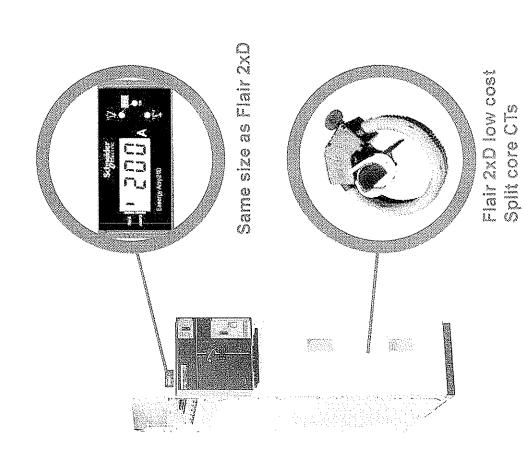
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Local fault indicator for underground applications



- Addns Jewod on .
- 3 phase current indication
- Accuracy:~5%



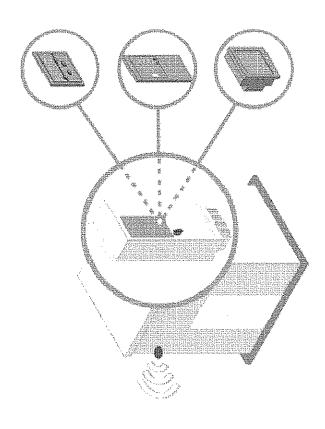


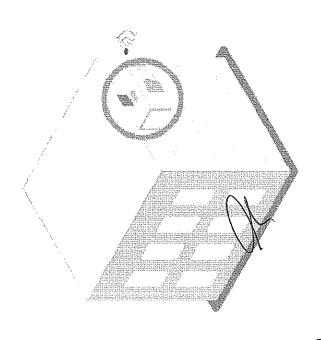


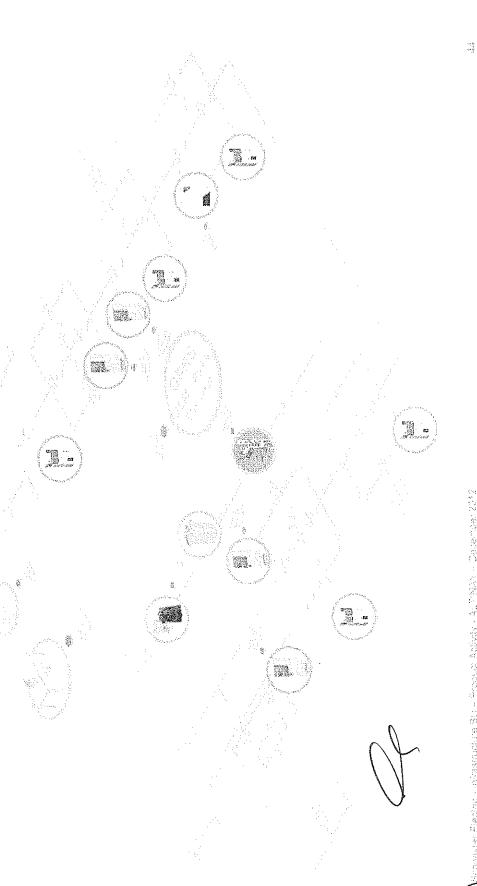
T200 is a simplified MV substation control unit for secondary distribution network enabling remote control of one or two substation switches.

Multifunctional "plug & play" interface which integrates all functions required for remote monitoring and control.

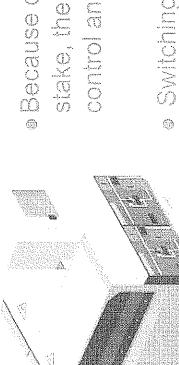
Compatible with all SCADA remote control system.











stake, the change-over function gives automatic Because confinuity of service is one major control and let you free from cut-off.

Switching time: Less than 0.4



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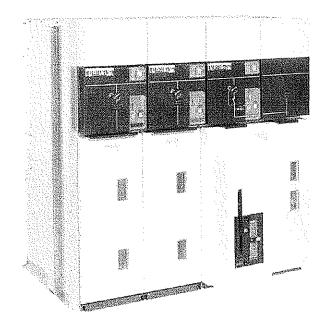
Medium Voltage Distribution

5

SM6

Modular units

Air insulated switchgear up to 36 kV



Schneider //

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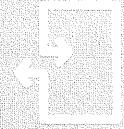


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Medium Voltage Distribution

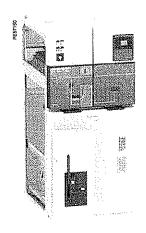
Our solutions





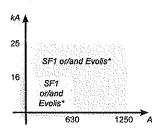
Schneider Electric has developed protection, monitoring and control solutions specifically dedicated to Medium Voltage networks for over 40 years.

SM6 switchgear has been specifically designed on the basis of that extensive experience. It also incorporates some very new solutions, giving the best in terms of continuity of service and operators' safety.





SM6, a truly professional solution!
More than 1,100,000 cubicles installed world-wide.



(*) Not available at 36 kV.

SM6 switchgear is fully compatible with

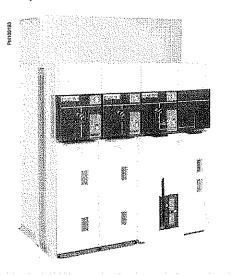
- PowerMeter metering units.
- Sepam multi-function protection relays
- Protection
- Measurements and diagnosis.
- VIP protection self powered relay for protection.

SM6 swithchboards can thus be easily integrated into any monitoring and control system.

- Local & remote indication and operation.

Internal Arc Classification: A-FL and A-FLR,

- 3-sides internal arc protection IAC: A-FL,
- 12,5 kA 1s and 16 kA 1s for 24 kV and 16 kA 1s for 36 kV.
- 4-sides internal arc protection IAC: A-FLR,
- 16 kA 1s and 20 kA 1s for 24 kV.
- Choice of exhaust:
- downwards exhaust
- upwards exhaust for 24 kV.







General contents



General characteristics

Characteristics of the functional units

Connections

Installation

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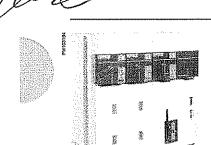




The experience of a world leader	4
The range's advantages	5
Protecting the environment	6
A full range of services	7
The references of a leader	
Quality assurance	ç

OPSIPHO OPSIPH

The experience of a world leader



The Schneider Electric experience's extends over forty years in factorybuilt cubicles and over thirty years in SF6 breaking technology for Medium Voltage switchgear.

This experience means that today Schneider Electric can propose a complementary range: vacuum type circuit breaker cubicles up to 24 kV and standard or enhanced internal arc withstand cubicles to reinforce the safety of people according to the IEC standard.

This gives you the advantage of unique experience, that of a world leader, with over 2,500 000 SF6 Medium Voltage units installed throughout the world.

Putting this experience at your service and remaining attentive to your requirements is the spirit of active partnership that we want to develop in offering you the SM6.

The modular SM6 is a range of harmonised cubicles equipped with SF6 or vacuum breaking technology switchgear with 30 years life span.

These cubicles allow you to produce all your Medium Voltage substation requirements up to 36 kV by superposing their various functions. The result of in-depth analysis of your requirements, both now and in the future, SM6 cubicles mean that you can take advantage of all the features of both a modern and proven technology.

1975: innovation

Sulphur hexafluoride (SF6) is first used in an MV switch for an MV/LV transformer substation, with the VM6.

1989: experience

Over 300,000 VM6 cubicles equipped networks throughout the world.

1991: innovation and experience

Cumulated with the second generation of SM6 modular SF6 cubicles.

2012: a leading position

With over 1,100,000 SM6 cubicles installed around the world, Schneider Electric consolidates its position as uncontested leader in the Medium Voltage field.

M





M















Upgradability

SM6, a comprehensive range

- A comprehensive offer covering your present and future requirements
- A design adapted to the extension of your installations
- A catalogue of functions for all your applications
- A product designed to be in compliance with standards constraints
- Options to anticipate the control and monitoring of your installations.

Compactness

SM6, an optimised range

- Compact units, with low increment cubicles
- Rationalised space requirement for switchboard installation
- Reduction of civil works costs
- Easy integration in factory-built outdoor substations for which the SM6 is particularly well designed.

Maintenance

SM6, a range with reduced maintenance

- The active parts (breaking and earthing) are integrated in an SF6-filled, "sealed for life" unit
- The control mechanisms, are intented to function with reduced maintenance under normal operating conditions
- Enhanced electrical endurance when breaking.

Ease of installation

SM6, a simple range to incorporate

- Reduced dimensions and weights
- only one civil works layout
- A solution adapted to cable connection
- Simplified switchboard busbar design.

Ease and safe to operate

SM6, a proven range

- A three position switch to block incorrect switching
- The earthing disconnector has full closing capacity
- Positive breaking of position indicators
- Internal arc withstand in the cable and switchgear compartments
- Clear and animated display diagrams
- Switching lever with an "anti-reflex" function
- Compartmented cubicles.

SM6: a range designed with control and monitoring in mind

SM6 switchgear is perfectly adapted to control and monitoring applications. Motorised, either when installed or at a later date on-site without any interruption in service, SM6 combines with the Easerby 1200 remote control interface. You therefore benefit from a ready-to control unit that is easy to incorporate providing guaranteed switchgear organization.

SM6: a range with adapted protection devices

With the SM6, Schneider Electric proposes solutions for network management; the Sepam and VIP or relay ranges protect installations, providing continuity of electrical supply and reducing downtime.







Protecting the environment



Product environmental profile & recycling service

Schneider Electric's recycling service for SF6 products is part of a rigorous management process.





Schneider Electric is committed to a long term environmental approach. As part of this, the SM6 has been designed to be environmentally friendly, notably in terms of the product's recycleability.

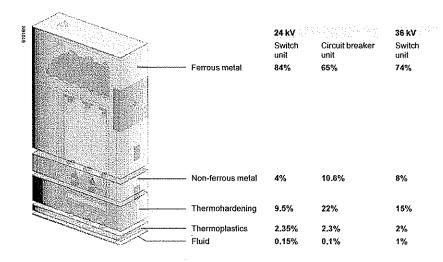
The materials used, both conductors and insulators, are identified in product environmental profile analysis and easily separable.

It was performed in conformity with ISO 14040 "Environmental management: life cycle assessment - principle and framework".

At the end of its life, SM6 can be processed, recycled and its materials recovered in conformity with the draft European regulations on the end-of-life of electronic and electrical products, and in particular withoutany gas being released to the atmosphere nor any polluting fluids being discharged.

SM6 is compliant with the RoHS directive.

RoHS restricts the use of six hazardous materials in the manufacture of various types of electronic and electrical equipment.





The environmental management system adopted by Schneider Electric production sites that produce the SM6 have been assessed and judged to be in conformity with requirements in the ISO 14001 standard.





A full range of services





Schneider Electric is capable of offering a full range of services either associated or not with the supply of the SM6 unit.

To improve the quality of your electrical power: Network study, harmonics study, etc.

- Reactive energy compensation
- Consumption monitoring
- Optimisation of your electrical power supply contracts.

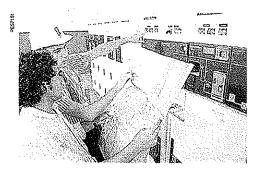
To accompany the purchase and installation of your SM6 equipment:

- Adaptation of our equipment to provide a better response to your requirements
- On site assembly, testing and commissioning of your equipment
- Customised financing solutions
- Warranty extension
- Operator training.

To accompany your installation throughout its life and upgrading your equipment:

- Upgrading your existing equipment: functional adaptation, control motorisation, renovation of protections units, etc.
- On site work
- Supply of replacement parts
- Maintenance contracts
- End of life recycling.

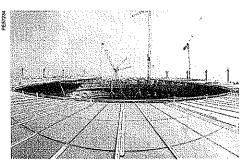
Fore more information on all the services proposed by Schneider Electric, please contact your Schneider Electric Sales Office.





The references of a leader SM6, a world-wide product







Asia/Middle East

- Canal Electrical Distribution Company, Egypt
- General Motors Holden, Australia
- Pasteur Institute, Cambodía
- Tian he City, China
- Sanya Airport, China
- Bank of China, Beijing, Jv Yanta, China
- Plaza Hotel, Jakarta, Indonesia
- Bali Airport, Indonesia
- Wakasa Control Center, Japan
- Otaru Shopping center, Japan
- New City of Muang, Thong Than, Kanjanapas,
- m Danang and Quinhon Airport, Vanad, Vietnam
- British Embassy, Oman
- KBF Palace Riyadh, Saudi Arabia
- Raka Stadium, Saudi Arabia
- Bilkent University, Turkey
- TADCO, BABOIL development, United Arab Emirates
- Melbourne Tunnel City Link, Australia
- Campus KSU Qassim Riyad, Saudi Arabia

Africa

- ONAFEX, Hilton Hotel, Algeria
- Yaounde University, Cameroon
- M Karoua Airport, Cameroon
- Libreville Airport, Gabon
- Ivarto Hospital, CORIF, Madagascar
- Central Bank of Abuja, ADEFEMI, Nigeria
- OCI Dakar, Oger international, CGE, Senegal
- Bamburi cement Ltd, Kenya
- Ivory Electricity Company, Ivory Coast
- Exxon, New Headquarters, Angola

South America/Pacific

- Lamentin Airport, CCIM, Martinique
- Space Centre, Kourou, Guyana
- Mexico City Underground System, Mexico
- Santiago Underground System, Chile
- Cohiba Hotel, Havana, Cuba
- Iberostar Hotel, Bavaro, Dominican Republic
- Aluminio Argentino Saic SA, Argentina
- Michelin Campo Grande, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
- TIM Data Center, São Paulo, Brazil
- Light Rio de Janeiro, Brazil
- Hospital Oswaldo Cruz, São Paulo, Brazil

Europe

- Stade de France, Paris, France
- EDF, France
- m Eurotunnel, France
- Nestlé company headquarters, France
- TLM Terminal, Folkestone, Great Britain
- Zaventem Airport, Belgium
- Krediebank Computer Centre, Belgium
- Bucarest Pumping station, Romania
- Prague Airport, Czech Republic ■ Philipp Morris St Petersburg, Russia
- Kremlin Moscow, Russia
- Madrid airport, Spain Dacia Renault, Romania
- Lafarge cement Cirkovic, Czech Republic
- Caterpillar St Petersburg, Russia
- Ikea Kazan, Russia
- Barajas airport, Spain
- Coca-cola Zurich, Switzerland



Quality assurance Quality certified to ISO 9001





A major advantage

Schneider Electric has integrated a functional organisation into each of its units. The main mission of this organisation is to check the quality and the compliance with standards. This procedure is:

- Uniform throughout all departments
- Recognised by many customers and approved organisations.

But it is above all its strict application that has enabled recognition to be obtained by an independent organisation:
The French Quality Assurance Association (FQAA).

The quality system for the design and manufacture of SM6 units has been certified in conformity with the requirements of the ISO 9001: 2000 quality assurance model.





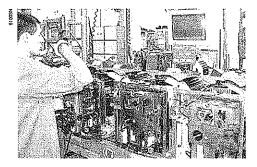


Meticulous and systematic controls

During manufacture, each SM6 is subject to systematic routine testing which aims to check the quality and conformity:

- Sealing testing
- Filling pressure testing
- Opening and closing rate testing
- Switching torque measurement
- m Dielectric testing
- Conformity with drawings and plans.

The results obtained are written and reported on the test certificate for each device by the quality control department.



Mean Operating Time To Failure (MTTF)

As result of Schneider Electric quality assurance system, SM6 has negligible "Mean Down Time (MDT)" in comparison to the "Mean Up Time (MUT)", thus "Mean Operating Time Between Failures (MTBF)" is as similar as to the MTTF.

- MTTF (cumulative) = 3890 years for 24 kV *
- MTTF (cumulative) = 6259 years for 36 kV*.

(*) Year 2010.



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Barber Carlo Barbe



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Field of application



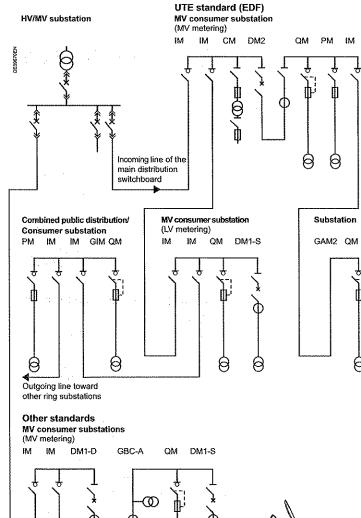


The SM6 is made up of modular units containing fixed, disconnectable or withdrawable metal-enclosed switchgear, using sulphur hexafluoride (SF6) or vacuum:

- Switch-disconnector
- SF1, SFset or Evolis circuit breaker
- Rollarc 400 or 400 D contactor, or vacuum contactor
- Disconnector.

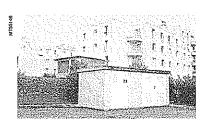
SM6 units are used for the MV section in MV/LV transformer substations in public distribution systems and MV consumer or distribution substations up to 36 kV.

MV/LV transformer substations



8

Outgoing line toward other ring substations Incoming line of the main distribution switchboard





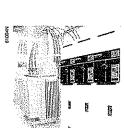


Field of application





Industrial distribution substations

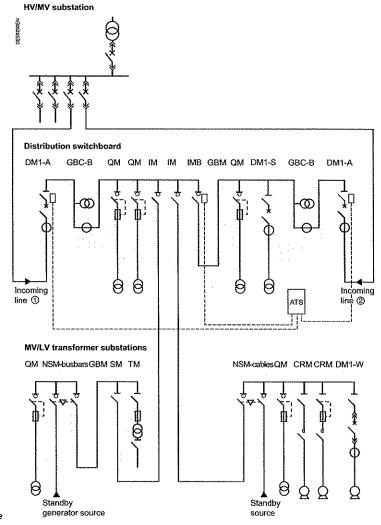




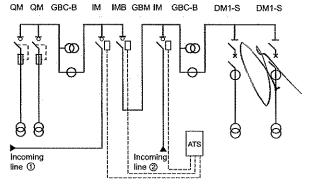
Unit definitions

Below is the list of SM6 units used in MV/LV transformer substations and industrial distribution substations:

- M IM, IMC, IMB switch
- PM fused switch
- QM, QMC, QMB fuse-switch combination
- CRM, CVM contactor and contactor with fuses
- DM1-A, DM1-D, DM1-S single-isolation disconnectable SF6 type circuit breaker
- DMV-A, DMV-D, DMV-S single-isolation vacuum type circuit breaker frontal
- DMVL-A, DMVL-D single-isolation disconnectable vacuum type circuit breaker lateral
- DM1-W, DM1-Z withdrawable single-isolation SF6 type circuit breaker
- DM2 double-isolation disconnectable SF6 type circuit breaker
- DM2-W withdrawable double-isolation SF6 type circuit breaker only for 36 kV
- CM, CM2 voltage transformers
- GBC-A, GBC-B current and/or voltage measurements
- NSM-cables for main incoming and standby
- NSM-busbars for main incoming and standby
 NSM-busbars for main incoming and cables for standby
- GIM intermediate bus unit
- GEM extension unit
- GBM connection unit
- GAM2, GAM incoming cable connection unit
- SM disconnector
- TM MV/LV transformer unit for auxiliaries
- Other units, consult us
- Special function EMB busbar earthing only for 24 kV.



Distribution switchboard



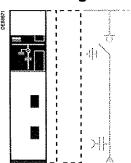
ATS: Automatic Transfer System





Switching

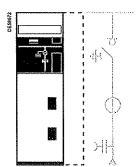
page



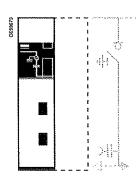
17

48

IM Switch unit 24 kV: 375 or 500 mm 36 kV: 750 mm

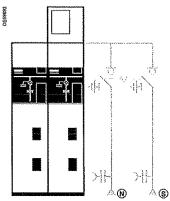


IMC Switch unit 24 kV: 500 mm 36 kV: 750 mm

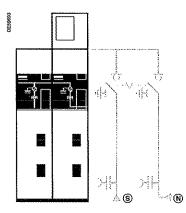


IMB Switch unit with earthing disconnector right or left outgoing line 24 kV: 375 mm 36 kV: 750 mm

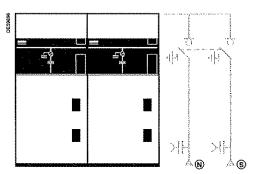
Automatic transfer system



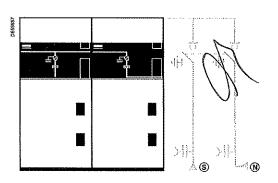
49 NSM-cables
Cables power supply
for main incoming line
and standby line
24 kV: 750 mm



NSM-busbars Busbars power supply for main incoming line on right or left and cables for standby line 24 kV: 750 mm



50 NSM-cables
Cables power supply
for main incoming line
and standby line
36 kV: 1500 mm



NSM-busbars
Busbars power supply
for main incoming line on right or left
and cables for standby line
36 kV: 1500 mm

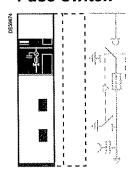


Units for protection function



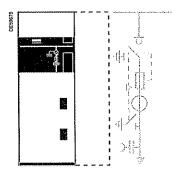
Fuse-switch

page

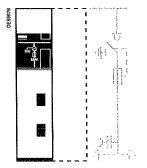


51

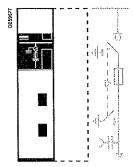




Fuse-switch combination unit 24 kV: 625 mm 36 kV: 1000 mm

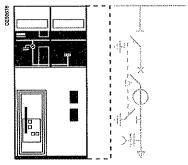


Fuse-switch combination unit right or left outgoing line 24 kV: 375 mm 36 kV: 750 mm

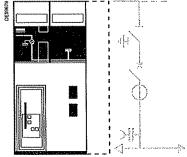


52 Fuse-switch unit 24 kV: 375 mm 36 kV: 750 mm

SF6 circuit-breaker



Single-isolation, disconnectable circuit breaker unit 24 kV: 750 mm 36 kV: 1000 mm



Single-isolation, disconnectable circuit breaker unit right or left outgoing line 24 kV: 750 mm 36 kV: 1000 mm

53

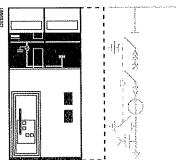


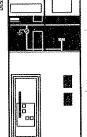
Units for protection function

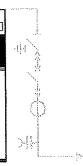


SF6 circuit-breaker

page







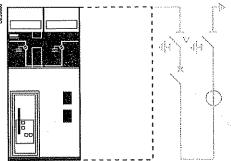
54

Withdrawable single-isolation circuit breaker unit

24 kV: 750 mm 36 kV: 1000 mm

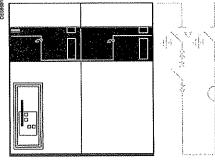
DM1-S Single-isolation, disconnectable circuit breaker unit with autonomous protection 24 kV: 750 mm

DM1-Z Withdrawable single-isolation circuit breaker unit right outgoing line 24 kV: 750 mm



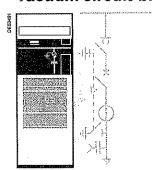
54 55

Double-isolation, disconnectable circuit breaker unit right or left outgoing line 36 kV: 1500 mm



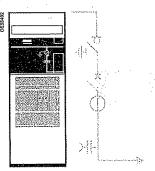
Withdrawable double-isolation circuit breaker unit right outgoing line 36 kV: 1500 mm

Vacuum circuit-breaker

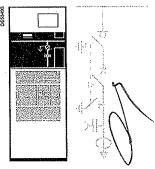


56

DMV-A Single-isolation circuit breaker unit 24 kV: 625 mm



DMV-D Single-isolation circuit breaker unit right outgoing line 24 kV: 625 mm



DMV-S Single-isolation circuit breaker unit with autonomous protection 24 kV: 625 mm



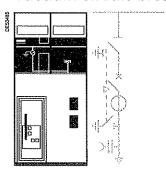


Units for protection function



Vacuum circuit-breaker

page

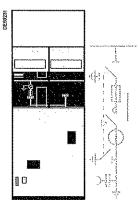


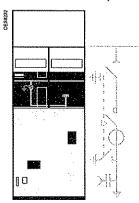
57

Single-isolation, disconnectable circuit breaker unit 24 kV: 750 mm

Single-isolation, disconnectable circuit breaker unit right outgoing line

Vacuum contactor (Direct Motor Starter)



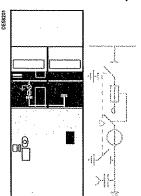


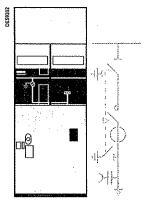
58

Fuse-contactor unit

Contactor unit

SF6 contactor (Direct Motor Starter)







59

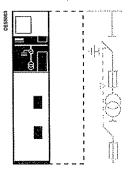
Fuse-contactor unit 24 kV: 750 mm

Contactor unit 24 kV: 750 mm



Units for metering function

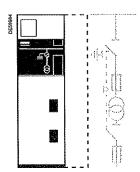
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60

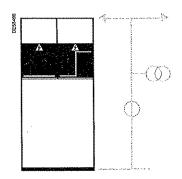
Voltage transformers for mains with earthed neutral system 24 kV: 375 mm

36 kV: 750 mm



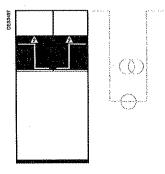
CM2

Voltage transformers for mains with insulated neutral system 24 kV: 500 mm 36 kV: 750 mm



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GBC-A Current and/or voltage measurement unit right or left outgoing line 24 and 36 kV: 750 mm



GBC-B Current and/or voltage

measurement unit 24 and 36 kV: 750 mm



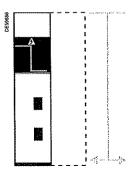


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Units for other functions



page

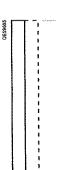


62 GBM

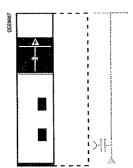
Connection unit right or left outgoing line 24 kV: 375 mm 36 kV: 750 mm



Extension unit VM6/SM6 24 kV: 125 mm

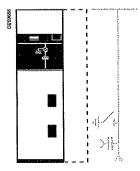


Intermediate bus unit 24 kV: 125 mm 36 kV: 250 mm



63 GAM2

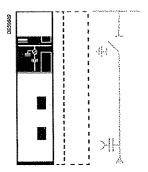
Incoming cable-connection unit 24 kV: 375 mm 36 kV: 750 mm



GAM

Incoming cable-connection unit with earthing 24 kV: 500 mm

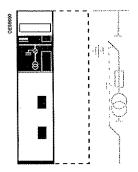
36 kV: 750 mm



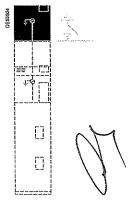
64

Disconnector unit 24 kV: 375 mm or 500 (1) mm

36 kV: 750 mm (1) only for 1250 A units.



TM MV/LV transformer unit for auxiliaries 24 kV: 375 mm 36 kV: 750 mm



Busbar earthing compartment 24 kV: 375 mm

Operating conditions



In addition to its feebnical characteristics, SIM6 meets requirements concerning safety of life and property as well as ease of installation, operation and protecting the environment.

SM6 units are designed for indoor installations.

Their compact dimensions are:

- 375 to 1500 mm width
- 1600 to 2250 mm height 840 to 1400 mm depth...

this makes for easy installation in small rooms or prefabricated substations. Cables are connected via the front.

All control functions are centralised on a front plate, thus simplifying operation. The units may be equipped with a number of accessories (relays, toroids, instrument transformers, surge arrester, control and monitoring, etc.).

Normal operating conditions

m Ambient air temperature:

- 1) less than or equal to 40°C
- 2) less than or equal to 35°C on average over 24 hours
- 3) greater or equal to ~5°C.

M Altitude

- 1) less than or equal to 1000 m
- 2) above 1000 m, a derating coefficient is applied (please consult us).

■ Solar radiation

1) no solar radiation influence is permitted.

■ Ambient air pollution

1) no significant pollution by dust, smoke, corrosive and/or flammable gases, vapours or salt.

m Humidity

- 1) average relative humidity over a 24 hour period, less than or equal to 95%
- 2) average relative humidity over a 1 month period, less than or equal to 90%
- 3) average vapor pressure over a 24 hour period, less than or equal to 2.2 kPa
- 4) average vapor pressure over a 1 month period, less than or equal to 1.8 kPa.

For these conditions, condensation may occasionally occur. Condensation can be expected where sudden temperature changes occur in periods of high humidity.

To withstand the effects of high humidity and condensation, such as breakdown of insulation, please pay attention on Civil Engineering recommendations for design of the building or housing, by suitable ventilation and installation.

Severe operating conditions (please consult us).



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Standards



SM6 units meet all the following standards and specifications.

ICC standards

ss UTF standards for 24 kV

is EDF specifications for 24 kV.

■ IEC standards

	enclosed switchgear and controlgear for rated voltage above 1 kV and up to and including 52 kV.
62271-1	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 1: Common specifications.
62271-103	High voltage switches - Part 1; switches for rated voltages above 1 kV and less or equal to 52 kV.
62271-105	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 105: High voltage alternating current switch-fuse combinations.
60255	Electrical relays.
62271-100	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 100: High-voltage alternating current circuit breakers.
62271-102	High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 102: High-voltage alternating current disconnectors and earthing switches.
60044-1	Instrument transformers - Part 1: Current transformers.
60044-2	Instrument transformers - Part 2: Voltage transformers.
60044-8	Instrument transformers - Part 8: Low Power Current Transducers.
61958	High-voltage prefabricated switchgear and controlgear assemblies - Voltage presence indicating systems.
62271-206	High-voltage prefabricated switchgear and controlgear assemblies - Voltage presence indicating systems.
■ UTE stand	lards for 24 kV

62271-200 High-voltage switchgear and controlgear - Part 200; A.C. metal-

NFC 13.100	Consumer substation installed inside a building and fed by a second category voltage public distribution system.
NFC 13.200	High voltage electrical installations requirements.
NFC 64.130	High voltage switches for rated voltage above 1 kV and less than 52 kV.
NFC 64.160.	Alternating current disconnectors and earthing switches

EDF specifications for 24 kV

HN 64-S-41 A.C. metal-enclosed swichgear and controlgear for rated voltages above 1 kV and up to and including 24 kV.

HN 64-S-43 Electrical independent-operating mechanism for switch 24 kV - 400 A.

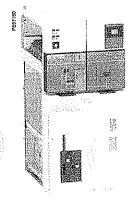




8

Main characteristics





The hereunder values are for working temperatures from -5°C up to +40°C. and for a setting up at an attitude below 1000 m.

Electrical characteristics

the state of the s	Ur	kV	a managaga a	7.2	12	17.5	24	36					
Insulation level		Hill har beliefer		as blyl i y			, janan err						
Insulation	Uđ	50/60 Hz, 1 m	in (kV rms)	20	28	38	50	70					
Isolation	Ud	50/60 Hz, 1 m	in (kV rms)	23	32	45	60	80					
Insulation	Up	1.2/50 µs (kV	peak)	60	75 (1)	95	125	170					
Isolation	Up	1.2/50 µs (kV	peak)	70	85	110	145	195					
Breaking capacity					N. N. 15.13		rig Ship mi	4-7-6					
Transformer off load		Α		16	16								
Cables off load		Α		31.5				50					
Rated current	Ir	Α		400 - 6	630-125								
Short-time withstand current	lk/tk (2)	kA/1 s	25	630 - 1	250			1250					
			20 (3)	630 - 1250									
		•	16	630 - 1	250								
			12.5	400 - 6	30 - 1250			630-125					
Making capacity (50 Hz)	lma	kA	62.5	630		NA							
			50	630									
			40	630									
Maximum breaking cap	acity (Isc)		31.25		g jangkara Malak	Carland C	24 MA 444 	Adagaga. Anno					
Maximum breaking cap thats M. IMC, IMB, MSM-cobies, NSM-busbars	acity (Isc)	A		630 - 8	00 ⁽⁴⁾	e de la companya de La companya de la co	24 13. 40.	630					
Units MA, MIC, IMB.	acity (Isc)			630 - 8 25	6 (24 (24 ± 2 00 (4)	20		630 20					
Units M. M.C. M.B. MSM-cobles, NSM-busbars	acity (Isc)	A			90 (1)	20							
LERS BY, BYC, BYB, SYM-Cables, NSW-busbars QM, QMC, QMB	acity (Isc)	A kA		25	00 (*) NA	<u></u> 20		20					
Units M., (MC, IMB, NSM-cables, NSM-busbars QM, QMC, QMB PM	acity (Isc)	A kA kA		25 25		20		20					
Units Mr, MC, MB. NSM-cables, NSM-busbars QM, QMC, QMB URC CRM	acity (Isc)	A kA kA		25 25 10	NA .	20		20					
Units Mr, MC, MB, MS(A-cables, NSM-busbars QM, QMG, QMB UR CRM CRM with fuses	acity (Isc)	A kA kA kA		25 25 25 10 25	NA NA	20		20					
Units Mr, MC, MB, MS(A-cables, NSM-busbars QM, QMC, QMB PM CRM CRM CRM with flues CVM	acity (Isc)	A kA kA kA kA		25 25 10 25 6.3	NA NA NA	20		20 20					
Units III/, IMC, IMB, NSM-cables, NSM-busbars QM, QMG, QMB PIK CRM CRM CRM CVM CVM	acity (Isc)	A kA kA kA kA	25	25 25 10 25 6.3	NA NA NA Very NA	20		20					
Units III/, IMC, IMB, NSIA-cables, NSIA-busbars QM, QMG, QMB Upt CRM CRM CRM CVM CVM CVM CVM CVM with frees SF6 circuit breaker range	acity (Isc)	A kA kA kA kA kA		25 25 10 25 6.3 25	NA NA NA NA NA	¹ / ₂ 20		20 20					
Units III/, IMC, IMB, NSIA-cables, NSIA-busbars QM, QMG, QMB Upt CRM CRM CRM CVM CVM CVM CVM CVM with frees SF6 circuit breaker range	acity (Isc)	A kA kA kA kA kA	25	25 25 10 25 6.3 25 630-12	NA NA NA NA NA	20		20 20					
Units M, MC, IMB, NSM-cobies, NSM-busbars QM, QMC, QMB UM CRM CRM CRM CVM CVM CVM CVM with trises SF6 circuit breaker range DM1-A, DM1-D, DM1-M	acity (Isc)	kA kA kA kA kA kA	25 20	25 25 10 25 6.3 26 630-12	NA NA NA NA NA	20		20 20 20					
Units Mr, MRC, IMB, MSM-Cables, MSM-Dusbars QM, GMC, GMB HMC CRM CRM with fuses GVM GVM, with frees SF6 circuit breaker range DM1-A, DM1-D, DM1-M DM1-S	acity (Isc)	kA kA kA kA kA kA	25 20 25	25 25 10 25 6.3 26 630-12 630-12	NA NA NA NA NA	20		20 20 20					
Units IM, IMIC, IMIS, NSM-busbars QM, CAMC, CAMIS UNIC CORM CORM COVIM C	acity (Isc)	A kA kA kA kA kA kA kA	25 20 25 25 25	25 25 10 25 6.3 26 630-12 630 1250	NA NA NA NA NA	20		20 20 20					
Units IM, IMC, IMB, MSIM-cables, MSIM-busbars QM, OMC, OMB PM CRM CRM CRM COVM COVM With these SF6 circuit breaker range OBH A, DMH D, DMH-W SMH LS TORILLY	acity (Isc)	A kA kA kA kA kA kA kA	25 20 25 25 25 20	25 25 10 25 6.3 25 630-12 630-12 630 1250 630	NA NA NA NA NA	20		20 20 20 1250 NA NA					
Units IM, IMC, IMB, NSM-busbars ON, OMG, OMB PM CRM CRM with fuses CVM CVM with tisses SF6 circuit breaker range DIM A, DM L D, DM L M DML S TEML-7 TEML-7		A kA kA kA kA kA kA kA	25 20 25 25 25 20 25	25 25 10 25 6.3 25 630-12 630 630 630 630	NA NA NA NA NA	20		20 20 20 1250 NA NA					
Units IM, IMC, IMB, ISSIM cables, INSM-busbars OM, OMG, OMB PMC CRM with fuser OVM CVM with fuser OVM SF6 circuit breaker range OBH A, DM LD, DM LW DM1.S DM1.2 DM1.2		A kA kA kA kA kA kA kA	25 20 25 25 25 20 25	25 25 10 25 6.3 25 630-12 630 630 630 630	NA NA NA NA NA	20	. NA	20 20 20 1250 NA NA					
Units IM, IMC, IMB, ISSIA cables, INSM-busbars OM, OMG, OMB PM CRM CRM CRM CRM CVM CVM With Free SF6 circuit breaker range DIM A, DM L D, DM L M DML S DML S DML V DML V Vacuum circuit breaker range		kA kA kA kA kA kA kA kA kA	25 20 25 25 20 25 20 25 25	25 25 10 25 6.3 25 630-12 630-12 630 1250 630 NA	NA NA NA NA NA	20	I NA	20 20 20 1250 NA NA					

NA: Non Available

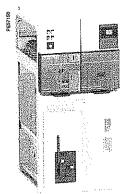
- (1) 60 kV peak for the CRM unit
- (2) 3 phases
- (3) In 20 kA/3 s, consult us
- (4) In 800 A, consult us.



Main characteristics







Endurance

Units		Mechanical endurance	Electrical endurance				
Jails IV, IMC OM ⁽⁹), QMC NSM-nables		IEC 62271-103 1 000 operations class M1	IEC 62271-103 100 breaks at lr, p.f. = 0.7, class E3				
CIRIM	Disconnector	IEC 62271-102 1 000 operations					
	Rollarc 400	IEC 60470 300 000 operations	IEC 60470 100000 breaks at 320 A 300000 breaks at 250 A				
	Rollarc 400D	100 000 operations	100 000 breaks at 200 A				
CA(A	Disconnector	IEC 62271-102 1 000 operations					
	Vacuum contactor	IEC 60470 2500 000 operations 250 000 with mechanical latching	IEC 60470 250 000 breaks at Ir				
SF6 circuit	breaker range						
OM1-A. OM1-D.	Disconnector	IEC 62271-102 1 000 operations					
D簡4-D, OM4-W, DM4-Z, DM4-S, DM2 DM2-W	SF circuit breaker	IEC 62271-100 10 000 operations class M2	IEC 62271-100 30 breaks at 12.5 kA for 24 kV 25 breaks at 25 kA for 24 kV 40 breaks at 16 kA for 36 kV 15 breaks at 25 kA for 36 kV 10 000 breaks at Ir, p.f. = 0.7, class E2				
	cuit breaker range						
OMV-A. DMV-B. DMV-S	Switch	IEC 62271-103 1 000 operations class M1	IEC 62271-103 100 breaks at Ir, p.f. = 0.7, class E3				
	Evolis circuit breaker	IEC 62271-100 10 000 operations class M2	IEC 62271-100 10 000 breaks at fr, p.f. = 0.7, class E2				
DMAF*V	Disconnector	IEC 62271-102 1 000 operations					
	Evolis circuit breaker	IEC 62271-100 10 000 operations class M2	IEC 62271-100 10 000 breaks at Ir, p.f. = 0.7, class E2				

(5) As per recommendation IEC 62271-105, three breakings at p.f. = 0.2 800 A under 36 kV; 1400 A under 24 kV; 1730 A under 12 kV; 2600 A under 5.5 kV.

Internal arc withstand (in accordance with IEC 62271-200):

- SM6 24 kV:
- □ 12.5 kA 1s, IAC; A-FL
- ☐ 16 kA 1s, IAC: A-FLR & IAC: A-FL☐ 20 kA 1s, IAC: A-FLR & IAC: A-FL☐ \$M6 36 kV:

- 10 16 kA 1s, IAC: A-FL.

Protection index:

- Classes: PI (insulating partition)
- Loss of service continuity classes: LSC2A
- Units in switchboard: IP3X
- Between compartments: IP2X for 24 kV, IP2XC for 36 kV
- Cubicle: IK08 for 24 kV, IK07 for 36 kV.

Electro-magnetic compatibility:

- Relays: 4 kV withstand capacity, as per recommendation IEC 60801.4
- Compartments:
- □ electrical field:
- 40 dB attenuation at 100 MHz
- 20 dB attenuation at 200 MHz
- ☐ magnetic field: 20 dB attenuation below 30 MHz.

Temperatures:

The cubicles must be stored and installed in a dry area free from dust and with limited temperature variations.

- For stocking: from 40°C to +70°C
- For working: from 5°C to +40°C
- Other temperatures, consult us.



Factory-built cubicles description

Cubicles are made up of 3(1) compartments and 2 cabinets

that are separated by metal or insulating partitions.

Switch and fuse protection cubicles

- switchgear: switch-disconnector and earthing switch in an enclosure filled with SF6 and satisfying "sealed pressure system" requirements.
- ${\mathbb Z}$ busbars: all in the same horizontal plane, thus enabling later switchboard extensions and connection to existing equipment.
- 3 connection: accessible through front, connection to the lower switch-disconnector and earthing switch terminals (IM cubicles) or the lower fuse-holders (PM and QM cubicles). This compartment is also equipped with an earthing switch downstream from the MV fuses for the protection units.
- 4 operating mechanism: contains the elements used to operate the switchdisconnector and earthing switch and actuate the corresponding indications (positive break).
- 5 low voltage: installation of a terminal block (if motor option installed), LV fuses and compact relay devices. If more space is required, an additional enclosure may be added on top of the cubicle.

Options: please, refer to the chapter "Characteristics of the functional units".

(*) 2 compartments for 36 kV

SF6 circuit breaker cubicles

- switchgear: disconnector(s) and earthing switch(es), in enclosures filled with SF6 and satisfying "sealed pressure system" requirements.
- 2 busbars: all in the same horizontal plane, thus enabling later switchboard extensions and connection to existing equipment.
- $\ensuremath{\beta}$ connection and switch gear: accessible through front, connection to the downstream terminals of the circuit breaker.

Two circuit breaker offers are possible:

■ SF1: combined with an electronic relay and standard sensors (with or without

an auxiliary power supply

- SFset: autonomous set equipped with an electronic protection system and special sensors (requiring no auxiliary power supply).
- 4 operating mechanism: contains the elements used to operate the disconnector(s), the circuit breaker and the earthing switch and actuate the corresponding indications.
- 5 low voltage: installation of compact relay devices (Statimax) and test terminal boxes. If more space is required, an additional enclosure may be added on top of the cubicle.

Options: please, refer to the chapter "Characteristics of the functional units".







Schneider

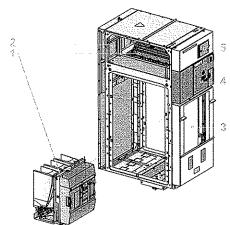
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Factory-built cubicles description



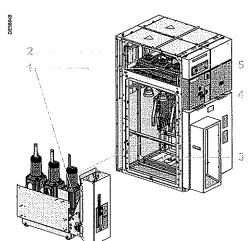




Frontal vacuum type circuit breaker cubicles

- f switchgear: load break switch and earthing switch(es), in enclosure filled with SF6 and satisfying and one vacuum circuit breaker, "sealed pressure system" requirements.
- 2 busbars: all in the same horizontal plane, thus enabling later switchboard extensions and connection to existing equipment.
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{F}}$ connection and switchgear: accessible through front, connection to the downstream terminals of the circuit breaker.
- Evolis: device associated with an electronic relay and standard sensors (with or without auxiliary source).
- 4 operating mechanism: contains the elements used to operate the disconnector(s), the circuit breaker and the earthing switch and actuate the corresponding indications.
- $\ensuremath{\mathbb{S}}$ low voltage: installation of compact relay devices (VIP) and test terminal boxes. If more space is required, an additional enclosure may be added on top of the cubicle.

Options: please, refer to the chapter "Characteristics of the functional units".



Lateral vacuum type circuit breaker cubicles

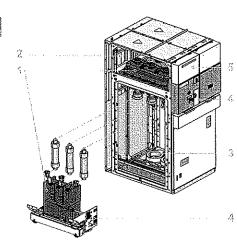
- iswitchgear: disconnector(s) and earthing switch(es), in enclosure filled with SF6 and satisfying and one vacuum circuit breaker, "sealed pressure system" requirements.
- Z busbars; all in the same horizontal plane, thus enabling later switchboard extensions and connection to existing equipment.
- connection and switchgear: accessible through front, connection to the downstream terminals of the circuit breaker.
- Evolis: device associated with an electronic relay and standard sensors (with or without auxiliary source).
- 4 operating mechanism: contains the elements used to operate the disconnector(s), the circuit breaker and the earthing switch and actuate the corresponding indications.
- 5 low voltage: installation of compact relay devices (VIP) and test terminal boxes. If more space is required, an additional enclosure may be added on top of the cubicle.

Options: please, refer to the chapter "Characteristics of the functional units".



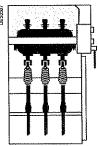
- \P switchgear: disconnector and earthing switch and contactor in enclosures filled with SF6 and satisfying "sealed pressure system" requirements.
- $2\,$ busbars: all in the same horizontal plane, thus enabling later switchboard extensions and connection to existing equipment.
- connection and switchgear: accessible through front.
 This compartment is also equipped with an earthing switch downstream.
 The contactor may be equipped with fuses.
- 4 types may be used:
- R400 with magnetic holding
- R400D with mechanical latching
- Vacuum with magnetic holding
- Vacuum with mechanical latching.
- 4 operating mechanism: contains the elements used to operate the disconnector(s), the contactor and the earthing switch and actuate the corresponding indications.
- 5 low voltage: installation of compact relay devices and test terminal boxes. With basic equipment, an additional enclosure is added on top of the cubicle.

Options: please, refer to the chapter "Characteristics of the functional units".



Compartments description

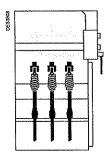


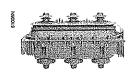




Busbar compartment

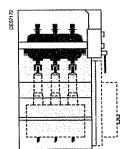
The three insulated busbars are parallel-mounted. Connection is made to the upper pads of the enclosure using a field distributor with integrated captive screws. Ratings 400 (for 24 kV only) - 630 - 1250 A.



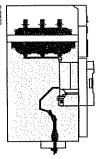


Switch compartment

This compartment is separated from the busbar compartment and the connection compartment by the enclosure surrounding the switch, the disconnector and the earthing switch.



SF6 and vacuum lateral type



Frontal vacuum type

Connection and switch compartment

The network cables are connected:

- To the terminals of the switch
- To the lower fuse holders
- Or to the connection pads of the circuit breaker.

Cables may have either:

■ Cold fitted cable end for dry-type

With basic equipment, the maximum allowable cross-section for cable is:

- 630 mm² or 2 x 400 mm² for 1250 A incoming or outgoing units
 240 mm² or 2 x 240 mm² for incoming or outgoing units 400 630 A
- 95 mm² for transformer protection cubicles incorporating fuses.

See in fonctional units characteristics chapter for each unit allowable section. The earthing switch must be closed before the cubicle may be accessed. The reduced depth of the cubicle makes for easy connection of all phases. A stud incorporated in the field distributor makes it possible to position and secure the cable-end lug with a single hand.

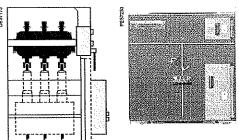












Operating-mechanism cover

These covers contain the various operating functions for the:

- switch and earthing switch
- disconnector(s)
- circuit breaker
- contactor

and the voltage presence indicator.

The operating-mechanism cover may be accessed with the cables and busbars energised and without isolating the substation.

It also enables easy installation of padlocks, locks and standard LV accessories (auxiliary contacts, trip units, motors, etc.).

A - LV cover h = 1690 mm A - LV cover h = 1690 mm C - LV control cabinet h = 2050 mm

Low-voltage monitoring control cabinet for 24 kV

It enables the cubicle to be equipped with low voltage switchgear providing protection, control, status indication and data transmission.

According to the volume, it is available in 3 versions: cover, wiring duct and cabinet.

A - LV cover: enables a very simple low voltage section to be installed such as indication buttons, push buttons or protection relays.

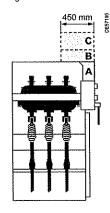
The total height of the cubicle is then 1600 mm.

B - LV wiring duct and cabinet: enables a large majority of low voltage configurations to be installed. It also takes the Sepam series 20 or series 40. The total cubicle height is then 1690 mm.

C - LV control cabinet: this is only used for larger low voltage accessories or those with a depth greater than 100 mm or complex equipment, such as Sepam series 60 or series 80, converters, control and monitoring units, regulating transformers or dual secondary transformers.

The total height of the cubicle then becomes 2050 mm.

In all cases, these volumes are accessible, with cables and busbars energised, without de-energising the substation.



A - LV cover h = 2250 mm







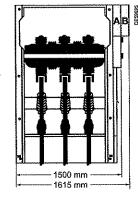
Low-voltage monitoring control cabinet for 36 kV

A - LV cover: enables a very simple low voltage section to be installed such as indication buttons, push buttons or protection relays.

The total height of the cubicle is then 2250 mm.

B - LV control cabinet: this is only used for larger low voltage accessories or those with a depth greater than 100 mm or complex equipment, such as Sepam series 60 or series 80, converters, control and monitoring units, regulating transformers or dual secondary transformers.

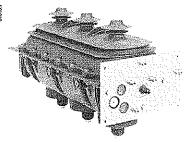
In all cases, these volumes are accessible, with cables and busbars energised, without de-energising the substation.



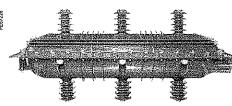
Safety of people

By switchgear





Switch-disconnector for 24 kV



Switch-disconnector for 36 kV

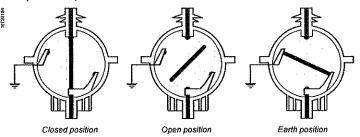
Switch or disconnector and earthing switch

m Gas tightness

The three rotating contacts are placed in an enclosure filled with gas to a relative pressure of 0.4 bar (400 hPa) for 24 kV and 1 bar (1000 hPa) for 36 kV. It satisfies "sealed pressure system" requirements and seal tightness is always factory checked, and leakage rate is less than 0.1% for 30 years life span.

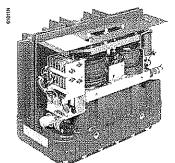
■ Operating safety

- the switch may be in one of three positions: "closed", "open", or "earthed", representing a natural interlocking system that prevents incorrect operation. Moving-contact rotation is driven by a fast-acting mechanism that is independent of the action of the operator.
- $\ensuremath{\square}$ the device combines the breaking and disconnection functions.
- the earthing switch placed in the SF6 has a short-circuit making capacity, in compliance with standards.
- any accidental over-pressures are eliminated by the opening of the safety membrane, in which case the gas is directed toward the back of the unit, away from the operator.



■ Insensitivity to the environment

parts are designed in order to obtain optimum electrical field distribution. □ the metallic structure of cubicles is designed to withstand and aggressive environment and to make it impossible to access any energised part when in operation.



Rollarc contactor

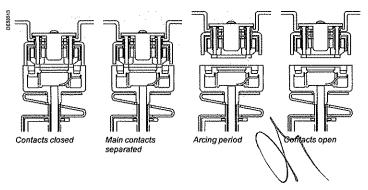
Rollarc 400 and 400D contactor

Gas tightness

The three phases are placed in an enclosure filled with SF6 gas to a relative pressure of 2.5 bars (2500 hPa). It satisfies "sealed pressure system" requirements and seal tightness is always checked in the factory.

Operating safety

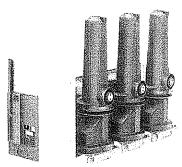
Accidental over-pressures are eliminated by the opening of the safety membrane.



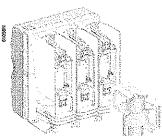
Safety of people By switchgear



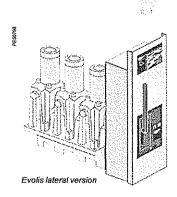


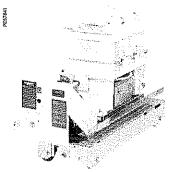


SF1 circuit breaker



Evolis circuit breaker





Vacuum type contactor

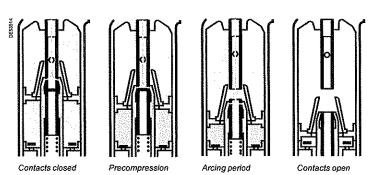
SF6 circuit breaker: SF1

■ Gas tightness

The SF1 circuit breaker is made up of three separate poles mounted on a structure supporting the operating mechanism. Each pole-unit houses all the active elements in an insulating enclosure filled with gas to a relative pressure of 0.5 bar (500 hPa) for 24 kV and 2 bar (2000 hPa) for 36 kV. It satisfies "sealed pressure system" requirements and seal tightness is always checked in the factory.

■ Operating safety

Accidental over-pressures are eliminated by the opening of the safety membrane.



Vacuum type circuit breaker: Evolis

■ Vacuum tightness

The Evolis circuit breaker comprises three separate pole units fixed on a structure supporting the control mechanism. Each pole encloses all of the active parts in an insulating enclosure, under vacuum, and its vacuum tightness is systematically checked in the factory.

■ Operating safety

The magnetic field is applied along the contact axis of the vacuum type circuit breaker. This process diffuses the arc in a regular manner with high currents.

It ensures optimum distribution of the energy along the compact surface

so as to avoid local hot spots.

The advantages of this technique:

- ☐ a simplified vacuum type circuit breaker which is consequently very reliable,
- D low dissipation of arcing energy in the circuit breaker,
- a highly efficient contacts which do not distort during repeated breaking,
- a significant reduction in control energy.

Vacuum type contactor

■ Vacuum tightness

Vacuum contactor comprises three separate poles fixed on a structure supporting the control mechanism. Each pole encloses all of the active parts in an insulating enclosure under vacuum and its vacuum tightness is checked in the factory.

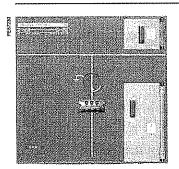




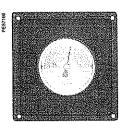


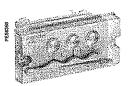
Safety of people By operating mechanism safety

M



Visibility of main contacts





Reliable operating mechanism

■ Switchgear status indicator:

Fitted directly to the drive shaft, these give a definite indication of the contact's position. (appendix A of standard IEC 62271-102).

■ Operating lever:

This is designed with an anti-reflex device that stops any attempt to re-open the device immediately after closing the switch or the earthing disconnector.

■ Locking device:

Between one and three padlocks enable the following to be locked:

access to the switching shaft of the switch or the circuit breaker,
access to the switching shaft of the earthing disconnector,

☐ operating of the opening release push-button.

Simple and effortless switching

Mechanical and electrical controls are side by side on the front fascia, on a panel including the schematic diagram indicating the device's status (closed, open, earthed):

■ Closed: the drive shaft is operated via a quick acting mechanism, independent of the operator. No energy is stored in the switch, apart from when switching operations are taking place.

For combined switch fuses, the opening mechanism is armed at the same time as the contacts are closed.

■ Opening: the switch is opened using the same quick acting mechanism, operated in the opposite direction.

For circuit breakers and the combined switch fuses, opening is controlled by:
a push-button,

c a fault.

■ Earthing: a specific control shaft enables the opening or closing of the earthing contacts. Access to this shaft is blocked by a cover that can be slid back if the switch is open but which remains locked in place if it is closed.

Visibility of main contacts (option)

The position of main contacts is clearly visible from the front of the cubicle through the window.

Gas pressure indicator (option)

Despite SM6 switch is sealed pressure system and has open and close capacity on rated current at 0 bar relative pressure SF6, to insure you about the internal pressure, we propose on request before sale or on site by after-sales either a pressure switch or an analog manometer on the switch.

These devices are both fitted without any alteration on the switch, they are temperature compensated and compatible with visibility of main contacts if requested.

Voltage Presence Indicating System

VPIS complies with IEC 61958 and 62271-206 standard allowing to indicate the voltage presence on each phase with LEDs. Designed for harsh environments so that to guarantee high reliability in MV/LV susbstations worldwide. Exits in Voltage Output version to provide voltage presence information to VD23 voltage presence relay.



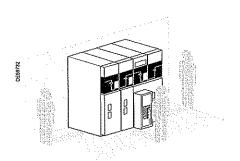


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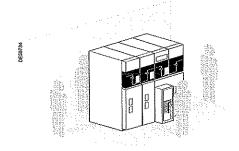




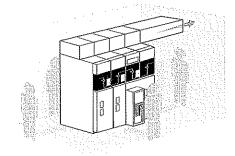
Standard IEC 62271-200 appendix A indicates a method for testing switchgear in motal enclosures under internal arc conditions. The aim of this test is to show that an operator situated in front of a switchboard would be protected against the effects of an internal fault.



Example of installation of an SM6 switchboard installed against the wall downwards exhaust 12.5 kA 1s and 16 kA 1s, IAC: A-FL: 3-sides internal arc protection



Example of installation of an SM6 24 kV switchboard installed in the middle of a room downwards exhaust 16 kA 1 s, IAC: A-FLR: 4-sides internal arc protection



Example of installation of an SM6 24 kV switchboard installed in the middle of a room upwards exhaust 16 kA 1 s and 20 kA 1 s, IAC: A-FLR: 4-sides internal arc protection

To enhance the safety of people, it is desirable to provide as high a degree of protection as possible by evacuating the effects of internal arc using:

- Evacuation systems which direct gases towards the top or the bottom of the switchboard enabling over pressure to be limited in the case of an internal fault in the compartments
- Channelling and evacuating hot gases towards an external area, which is not hazardous for the operator
- Materials which are non-inflammable in the cubicles
- Reinforced panels.

Consequently:

The SM6 is designed to offer a good level of safety

- Control of the architecture:
- □ compartment type enclosure.
- Technological control:
- a electrotechnical: modelling of electrical fields,
- □ mechanical: parts produced using CAD systems.
- Use of reliable components:
- choice of materials
- earthing switch with closing capacity.
- m Devices for total operating safety:
- u voltage presence indicator on the front face,
- natural reliable interlocking,
- ☐ locking using keys or padlocks.

Internal arc withstand (in conformity with IEC 62271-200)

- 3 versions are available for SM6 24 kV:
- a 12.5 kA 1 s, IAC: A-FL
- 11 16 kA 1s, IAC: A-FLR & IAC: A-FL
- □ 20 kA 1s, IAC: A-FLR & IAC: A-FL
- 1 version is available for SM6 36 kV:
- 16 kA 1s, IAC; A-FL.

SM6 internal arc (in conformity with IEC 62271-200 appendix A)

In all internal arc versions, the SM6 has successfully passed all of the type testing relative to standard IEC 62271-200 (5 acceptance criteria).

The materials used meet the constraints for which the SM6 is designed.

The thermal and mechanical forces that an internal arc can produce are perfectly absorbed by the enclosure.

An operator situated in front of the SM6 switchboard during an internal fault will not be exposed to the effects of arcing.

SM6 proposes several options to install a standard internal arc withstand switchboard

- m 3-sides internal arc protection IAC: A-FL,
- 12,5 kA1s and 16 kA1s for 24 kV and 16 kA1s for 36 kV.

SM6 switchboard positioned against the wall, access to the rear of the cubicles is impossible, internal arc protection on three sides is sufficient.

- # 4-sides internal arc protection IAC: A-FLR.
- 16 kA 1 s and 20 kA 1 s for 24 kV.

For SM6 switchboards installed in the middle of a room, 4-sides internal arc protection is necessary in order to protect an operator moving around the switchboard.

Choice of exhaust:

(Installation requirements manual to be considered)

□ downwards exhaust

Civil engineering with an adequate volume is necessary.

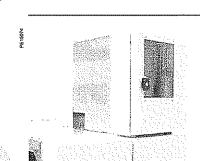
□ upwards exhaust for 24 kV

A ceiling height greater or equal than 2 150 mm is necessary, duct at the right or left side of the cubicle (not supplied).



MV electrical network management Easergy T200 S for 24 kV

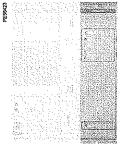




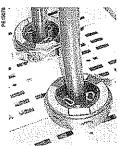
Easergy T200 S for 24 kV: remote control interface in LV control cabinet

The state of the s

Control command



Back up power supply



Split core CTs

Easergy T200 S for NSM cubicle

Easergy T200 S is a simplified MV substation control unit for secondary distribution networks enabling remote control of one or two MV substation switches.

T200 S, a version of the T200 unit, is integrated in the SM6 cubicle LV control cabinet

It is limited to control 2 switches. It is intended for remote control applications for source transfer switching and back up generator set switching in NSM cubicle.

Easergy T200 S a multifunctional "plug and play" interface which integrates all functions required for remote monitoring and control of MV substations:

- Acquisition of various data types: switch position, fault detectors, current values, etc.
- m Transmission of opening and closing orders to the switches
- Exchange with the control center.

Particularly used during network incidents, Easergy T200 S has proven its reliability and availability to be able to operate the switchgear at all times. It is easy to implement and operate.

Functional unit dedicated to Medium Voltage applications

Easergy T200 S is installed in the low voltage control cabinet of NSM cubicles for remote control of one or two switches.

Easergy notably enables source transfer switching between two switches. It has a simple panel for local operation to manage electrical controls (local/remote switch) and to display switchgear status information.

It integrates a fault current detector (overcurrent and zero sequence current) with detection thresholds configurable channel by channel (threshold and fault duration).

"Plug and play" and secure

Integrated in the low voltage control cabinet of an MV-equipped cubicle, it is ready to connect to the data transmission system.

Easergy T200 S has been subject to severe tests on its resistance to MV electrical constraints. A back-up power supply guarantees several hours continuity of service for the electronic devices, motorization and MV switchgear.

Current transformers are of split core type for easier installation.

Compatible with all SCADA remote control systems

Easergy T200 S supplies the following standard protocols:

- Modbus serial and IP
- DPN3 serial and IP
- IEC 870-5-101/104.

Data transmission system standards are: RS232, RS485, PSTN, FSK, FFSK, GSM/GPRS.

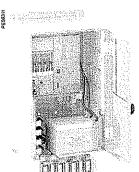
Other systems are available on request, the radio frequency emitter/receiver is not supplied.

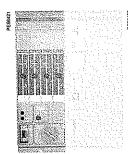


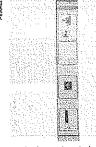


management Easergy T2001









Local information and control

Monitoring and control





Back up power supply

Polarized connectors

Easergy T200 I: an interface designed for control and monitoring of MV networks

Easergy T200 I is a "plug and play" or multifunction interface that integrates all the functional units necessary for remote supervision and control of the SM6:

- Acquisition of the different types of information: switch position, fault detectors, current values...
- Transmission of switch open/close orders
- Exchanges with the control center.

Required particularly during outages in the network, Easergy T200 I is of proven reliability and availability, being able to ensure switchgear operation at any moment. It is simple to set up and to operate.

Functional unit designed for the Medium Voltage network

- Easergy T200 I is designed to be connected directly to the MV switchgear, without requiring a special converter.
- It has a simple front plate for local operation, which allows management of electrical rating mechanisms (local/remote switch) and display of information concerning switchgear status.
- It has an integrated MV network fault current detection system (overcurrent and zero sequence) with detection set points that can be configured channel by channel (current value and fault current duration).

Medium Voltage switchgear operating guarantee

- Easergy T200 I has undergone severe MV electrical stress withstand tests.
- It is a backed up power supply which guarantees continuity of service for several hours in case of loss of the auxiliary source, and supplies power to the Easergy T200 I and the MV switchgear motor mechanisms.

Ready to plug

- ☐ Easergy T2001 is delivered with a kit that makes it easy to connect the motor mechanisms and collect measurements.
- the connectors are polarized to avoid any errors during installation or maintenance
- a current measurement acquisition sensors are of the split type, to facilitate their installation
- ☐ works with 24 Vdc and 48 Vdc motor units.

Compatible with all SCADA remote control systems

Easergy T200 I supplies the following standard protocols:

- Modbus serial and IP
- DPN3 serial and IP
- IEC 870-5-101/104.

Data transmission system standards are: RS232, RS485, PSTN, FSK, FFSK, GSM/GPRS.

Other systems are available on request, the radio frequency emitter/receiver is not



VD23

Voltage detection relay

VD23 provides accurate information of presence or absence of voltage. Associated with VPIS-Voltage Output, VD23 is typically used in critical power and safety applications.

Various combinations of voltage detection are possible:

- 3 Ph-N and residual voltage: V1 + V2 + V3 + V0
- 3 Ph-N or Ph-Ph voltage: V1 + V2 + V3 or U12 + U13 + U23
- 1 Ph-N or Ph-Ph or residual voltage: V1, V2, V3, U12, U13, U23, V0.

VD23 can display the MV network voltage (in % of service voltage), activate the relay output R1 to monitor a loss of voltage on 1 phase at least and active the relay output R2 to monitor a presence of voltage on 1 phase at least.

- Auxiliary power supply: from 24 to 48 Vdc
- Assembly: compact DIN format, mounted in the same place as rault passage indicator (format DIN, integrated in switchgear), terminal connexion VPIS-Voltage Output
- Compatible with all neutral earthing systems.







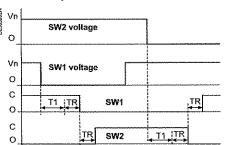
Execution time ld Voltage drop

■ Configurable parameters:

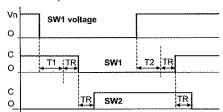
□ Number of faults: from 1 to 4
□ Execution time: from 20 s to 4 mins configurable

in 5 s steps

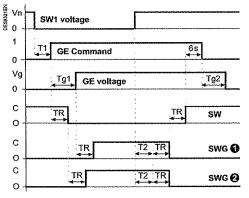
Automation system valid/invalid.



Network ATS - Semi-Auto Mode (without paralleling upon automatic return) TR: switch response time



Network ATS - Auto Mode SW1 (with paratleling upon automatic return) TR: switch response time



Generator ATS - Auto SW mode

(Without paralleling upon Auto return) TR: Switch response time

Tg1: Generator starting time (maximum 60 s)

Tg2: Generator stopping time

Case 1: Generator channel closing after Generator power on urable option)

Case 2: Generator channel closing after Generator start-up command (configurable option)

Easergy T200 automation systems are factory predefined. No on-site programming is required.

- m The automation systems can be switched on and off from the local operator panel and disabled using the configurator.
- Switches can be controlled manually in the following circumstances: n automation system switched off ri switch in local mode.

Sectionaliser (SEC)

The sectionaliser automation system opens the switch after a predefined number of faults (1 to 4) during the voltage dip in the reclosing cycle of the top circuit breaker.

■ The automation system counts the number of times a fault current followed by a voltage loss is detected. It sends an open order if:

the switch is closed

- the fault has disappeared
- the MV supply is absent.
- m The automation system is reset at the end of the execution time delay.

ATS automatic transfer system (source changeover)

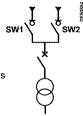
The automatic transfer system performs automatic control and management of sources in the MV secondary distribution network.

Two possible versions for ATS:

Network ATS version: control of two MV network channels. The network ATS automatic transfer system requires use of the VD23 relay for detection of voltage presence/absence.

Generator ATS version: control of one network channel and one generating set channel (not available on T200 E).

Note: ATS automatic transfer system is available only on channels 1 and 2 of each CONTROL module. Generator ATS automatic transfer system is available only on the first CONTROL module (channels 1 to 4).



Operating modes

The operating mode is selected from the T200 Web server.

Mode SW1+SW2 or SW2+SW1 (or SW+SWG if Generator ATS):

Automatic transfer system executes only one changeover from the priority channel to the backup channel. Automatic transfer system then remains on that channel.

Semi-Auto mode SW1+++SW2 (or SW+++SWG if Generator ATS):

In the event of a voltage loss on the active channel, automatic transfer system switches to the other channel after a time delay T1. Automatic transfer system executes no return, except in case of voltage loss on the new active channel.

Auto SW1 or Auto SW2 mode (or Auto SW if Generator ATS):

After a changeover, return to the priority channel occurs if the MV voltage on that channel is restored. The channel that has priority can be defined according to the state of a dedicated digital input.

Changeover sequences:

Network ATS: in the event of voltage loss on the normal channel, changeover involves opening the normal channel after time delay T1 and then closing the backup channel. Note: in "Auto" mode, the sequence of return to the normal channel depends on configuration of the "Paralleling upon auto return" option (see below).

Generator ATS: in the event of voltage loss on the network channel, changeover involves sending the order for opening the network channel and at the same time the Generator start-up order, after time delay T1.

The remainder of the changeover sequence depends on the management of Generator channel closing (configurable option):

■ Case of Generator channel closing after start-up order:

After the Generator start-up order, the closing order is given to the Gerlerator channel, without waiting until the Generator is actually started.

■ Case of Generator closing after Generator power on:

The Generator channel closing order is sent only when Generator

MV electrical network management **Automation systems**





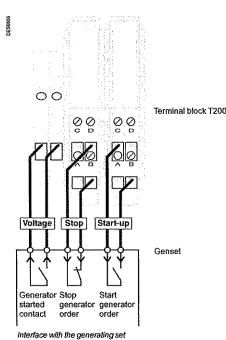
Configurable parameters:

- Automatic transfer system ON/OFF
 Operating mode: Semi-Auto, Auto SW1, Auto SW2, SW1 -> SW2. SW2 -> SW1
- T1: 0 ms to 2 min, in increments of 100 ms
- T2: 0 s to 30 min, in increments of 5 s
 Disabling/enabling transfer upon fault detection:
- Choice of voltage presence detection: DI4 or VD23 Channel connected to generator: SW1 or SW2
- Type of automatic transfer system: Network ATS
- or Generator ATS
- Manual control enabled/disabled if ATS in operation
 Paralleling enabled/disabled in auto and/or manual mode
- Choice of type of changeover to Generator: immediately or after detection of Generator power on

@@@@@@@@@@@ Priority channel Gensel voltage presence Parallel connection input 10 Genset forcing

The DIs can be assigned for ATS automation (configurable options)

Digital Input connection ("J2" or "J10" terminal block)



Source transfer locking DO 1 Stop/start generator order

Lock connection ("J1" terminal block on the 4-ways interface or "J9" on the 2-ways interface)

Paralleling upon Auto return

A software-configurable option allows the automatic transfer system to disable or enable paralleling of the channels upon automatic return to the main channel

Enabling of paralleling must be confirmed by the activation of a dedicated digital input.

Paralleling disabled: Auto return to the priority channel involves opening the backup channel and, when it is open, closing the priority channel.

Paralleling enabled: Auto return to the priority channel involves first closing the priority channel and, when it is closed, opening the backup channel.

Changeover conditions

Changeover takes place if the following conditions are met:

- Automatic transfer system in operation
- SW1 open and SW2 closed or SW1 closed and SW2 open
- Absence of fault current on the two channels (only if locking by fault detection option activated)
- "Transfer locking" absent
- "Earthing switch" absent on the two channels
- MV voltage absent on the active channel
- MV voltage present on the other channel.

Return to the main channel for the "Auto" modes occurs if:

- The priority channel is open
- The MV voltage on the priority channel is present during time delay T2.

Generating set connections

Relays are installed in factory in the T200 enclosure to provide interfacing with the generating set (Generator ATS version only). Connection should be performed as follows (see diagram opposite):

- Voltage: contact closed if Generator started, to be wired on the two available terminals (do not wire if detection of power on is performed by a relay VD23)
- Start-up: Generator start-up order, to be wired on terminals C and B
- Stop: Generator stoppage order, to be wired on terminals D and B.

Detection of voltage presence

Voltage presence on a channel managing the Generator can be executed by two processes:

- Either by a dedicated "Voltage" digital input
- Or by voltage relay VD23 (via cubicle cable).

Override setting on generator (Generator ATS only)

For routine test or reduced pricing requirements, it is possible to perform override setting of operation on the generator manually, remotely (from the supervisor) or locally (activation by a dedicated digital input).

When the override setting is terminated, the automatic transfer system places itself back in the initial mode, i.e. in the mode that was active before the override setting (ON or OFF). During override setting, the automatic transfer system is set to "ON" for channels 1 and 2.

Source transfer locking

A dedicated digital input allows changeover to be locked if a problem occurs on one of the devices related to the changeover. This input is generally connected to the downstream circuit breaker. Local and remote controls are no longer possible in this case.

Specific Generator-related management

■ Upon transfer to the Generator, if the latter doesn't start, the automatic transfer system waits for a period of 60 s at most before stopping changeover, then: in SW-> SWG mode: the automatic transfer system is locked and must be reset (on the Control panel) to restart the device.

in SW <-> SWG mode or in Auto mode; the automatic transfer system remains

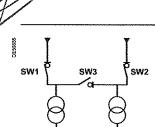
If voltage returns to the network channel, the automatic transfer system requests return to the network channel.

■ When the automatic transfer system is configured with auto-return on the netw channel, Generator stoppage is requested 6 s after the changeover sequence is completed.

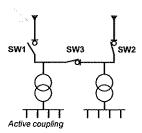
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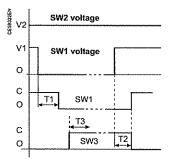


MV electrical network management **Automation systems**



"Normal" position





Configurable parameters:

- m Operating mode: Standard/locking upon voltage loss
- Automatic return; SW1/SW2 Automation system; on/off
- Delay before switching T1: 100 ms to 60 s in 100 ms steps
- Delay before return T2: 5 s to 300 s in 1 s steps
- Interlock delay on voltage loss T3: 100 ms to 3 s in 100 ms steps
- Motorisation type: command time Manual control: enabled/disabled in local and remote modes
- if automation system in operation

 Paralleling: enabled/disabled in auto and (or) manual modes
 Transfer locking upon fault detection.

Bus tie coupling (BTA) with T200 I

The BTA (Bus Tie Automatism) is an automation system for switching sources between two incoming lines (SW1 and SW2) and a busbar coupling switch (SW3). It must be used in conjunction with VD23 type voltage presence detectors and the fault current detection function on the busbar incoming lines.

Operating mode

Two operating modes can be configured:

Standard mode:

If the voltage is lost on one busbar, the automation system opens the incoming line (SW1 or SW2) and closes the coupling switch SW3. Coupling is conditional upon the absence of a fault current on the main source.

Interlock on loss of voltage after switching mode.

After execution of the automation system in standard mode, the voltage presence is checked for a configurable period. If the voltage is lost during this period, the coupling switch SW3 is opened and the automation system interlocked.

Coupling sequence

- Coupling takes place if the following conditions are met:
- ☐ the automation system is switched on
- the switches on incoming channels SW1 and SW2 are closed
- the earthing switches SW1, SW2 and SW3 are open
- there is no voltage on an incoming line SW1 or SW2 there is no fault current detection on SW1 and SW2
- there is no transfer interlock
- □ voltage is present on the other incoming line.
- The coupling sequence in standard mode is as follows:
- □ opening of the de-energised incoming line switch after a delay T1
- □ closing of the coupling switch SW3.
- The coupling sequence in "Interlock on loss of voltage after coupling" mode in
- s completed as follows:
- ☐ monitoring of the voltage stability for a delay T3
- □ opening of the coupling switch SW3 if this condition is not met
- □ locking of BTA automation system,
- The system returns to standard mode after coupling if:
- ☐ the "return to SW1 or SW2" option is activated
- □ voltage on the channel has been normal for a delay T2
- the automation system is activated
- the automation system is not locked there is no coupling interlock.

Coupling interlock

A dedicated digital input allows changeover to be locked if a problem occurs on one of the devices related to the changeover. This input is generally connected to the downstream circuit breaker. Local and remote controls are no longer possible

Locking the automation system

The BTA automation system is locked if one of the following conditions is met during the coupling process:

- Failure of a command to open or close a switch
- Indication that an earthing switch has closed
- Appearance of a fault current
- Switch power supply fault
- Appearance of the coupling interlock
 Manual or remote ON/OFF command from the automation system.

Paralleling upon Auto return

A software-configurable option allows the automation system to disable or enable paralleling of the channels upon automatic return to the main channel (in "Auto" mode). Enabling of paralleling must be confirmed by the activation of a dedicated digital input

If paralleling is disabled: Auto return to the normal channel involves opening the coupling channel (SW3) and, when it is open, closing the pormal channel.

If paralleling is enabled: Auto return to the normal channel invol र्डिfirst closing the normal channel and, when it is closed, opening the coupling chan hei (SW3).





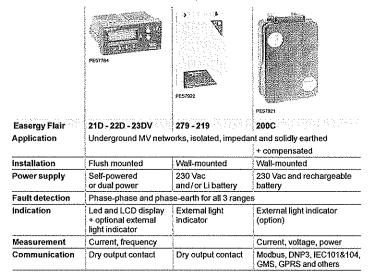
Fault indicators

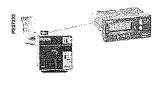


Easorgy Flair is a comprehensive range of underground network fault corrent indicators

Easergy MV underground network fault current passage indicators are a range of products adapted to all neutral earthing systems: insulated, impedant and direct earthing.

- Easergy Flair 21D-22D-23DV, are self-powered with a liquid crystal display, with DIN dimensions for MV cubicle installation.
- Easergy Flair 279 and 219, have a wall-mounted case for the MV cubicles substation or LV compartment and an external power supply which can be backed up (Li battery or LV supply + Li battery in LV compartment).
- Easergy Flair 200C is a communicating Fault passage Indicator with advanced measurement functions and Modbus master port for data concentration.





Easergy Flair 21D - 22D - 23DV

SM6 can integrate Flair 21D, Flair 22D and Flair 23DV on every incoming cubicles.

■ High performance indicators

- ☐ indication of phase-phase and phase-earth faults,
- ☐ faulty phase indication,
- □ compatible with HV/MV substation protection devices.

■ Clear and comprehensive display

- displaying the faulty phase for earth fault,
- ☐ displaying settings,
- displaying the load current including peak demand and frequency meter.

■ Maintenance free.

Display of settings	Flair 21D	Flair 22D	Flair 23DV
Automatic fault detection calibration mode	*	=	=
Short-circuit fault thresholds	*	*	2
Earth fault thresholds		2	=
Fault acknowledge time	=	Ħ	
Type of CT (CT1 or CT2)	=	H	
Time delay for resetting upon current return (or voltage return on Flair 22D and Flair 23DV)			-
Time delay for fault resetting		II	=
Time delay for fault confirmation			•
Inrush time delay		•	F
Phase at fault and measurements		Na Carret Cont.	
Phase at fault	L1-L2-L3	L1-L2-L3	L\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Load current	T T	1	= 1
MV network frequency	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz	50/60 Hz
Current maximeter		8	
Residual current	=	•	∤ ■

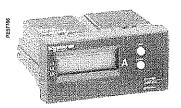


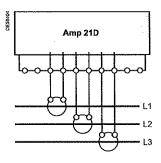
Ammeter

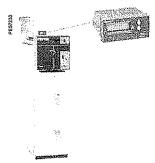




- at At the leading edge of technology, Amp 210 is suitable for Medium Voltage network load management.
- Self-powered, it ensures a permanent display of currents.
- m Compact and in DiN format, it fits naturally into MV cubicles.
- as Cost efficient, it uses the CT optimised for Fault Passage Indicator.
- 🕫 Performant, it displays phase current and maximum of current.







The SM6 can integrate ammeter Amp 21D on all incoming cubicles and the fuse-switch cubicles

Functions

- Display of 3 phase current: I1 , I2 , I3. Range: 3 A to 630 A
- Display of 3 phase current maximeter: I1, I2, I3. Range: 3 to 630 A.

Display principle

- Load curents are permanently displayed
- ☐ continuous scrolling of L1, then L2, then L3.
- Maximeter
- □ access to maximeter display by pressing a dedicated push button □ continuous scrolling of M1, then M2, then M3
- reset of all maximeter by pressing a combination of two push buttons.

Connections, assembly

Small size enclosure

- m DIN format: 93 x 45 mm
- Secured, extraction-proff mounting
- Terminal connections.

Current sensors

■ Split core CT for mounting on MV cables.

Technical data

Application		
Frequency		50 Hz and 60 Hz
Load current	Minimum current	≥3A
Measurement		
Range	Phase current	3 to 630 A (resolution 1 A)
	Accuracy (I < 630 A)	± (2% + 2 digit)
Reset of maximeter	Manual from device	Yes
Power supply		
Selfpower	From the current sensors	l load ≥ 3 A
Battery		No
Auxiliary supply		No
Display		
	Display	4 digits LCD
	Current per phase	Yes (resolution 1A)
	Maximeter per phase	Yes
Sensors		
	Phase CTs	3 split core CT
Miscellaneous		
	Test	Yes











Protection and control monitoring Sepamselection guide for all applications

Series 20

Series 10

The Sepain range of protection and metering is designed for the operation of machines and electrical distribution networks of industrial installations and utility substations for all levels of voltage. It consists of complete, simple and reliable solutions, suited to following five families: Sepain series 10, 20, 40, 60 and 80.

A range adapted at your application

- Protection of substation (incoming, outgoing line and busbars).
- Protection of transformers.
- Protection of motors, and generators.

Simplicity

Easy to install

- Light, compact base unit.
- Optional modules fitted on a DIN rail, connected using prefabricated cords.
- User friendly and powerful PC parameter and protection setting software to utilize all of Sepam's possibilities.

User-friendly

- Intuitive User Machine Interface, with direct data access.
- Local operating data in the user's language.

Accurate measurement and detailed diagnosis

- Measuring all necessary electrical values.
- Monitoring switchgear status: sensors and trip circuit, mechanical switchgear status.
- Disturbance recording.
- Sepam self-diagnosis and watchdog.

Flexibility and evolutivity

- Enhanced by optional modules to evolve in step with your installation.
- Possible to add optional modules at any time.
- Simple to connect and commission via a parameter setting procedure.

Protections Current		ži.	
	21		
Voltage			
Frequency			
Specifics	Phase and earth fault overcurrent	Breaker failure	Disconnection by rate of change of frequency B21 B22
Applications			
Substation	10A, 10B	S20 S24	
Busbar		3	B21 B22
Transformer	10A, 10B	T20 T24	
Motor		M20	
Generator			
Capacitor		W S	0 to 10
Characteristics	1		
Logic inputs	4	0 to 10	0 to 10
Logic outputs	7	4 to 8	4 to 8
Temperature sensors		0 to 8	0 to 8
Channel			
Current	31 + lo	31+lo	
Voltage			3V + Vo
LPCT ⁽¹⁾			
Communication ports	1	1 to 2	1 to 2
IEC61850 Protocol		and the state of t	8
Control			
Matrix (2)		#	
Logic equation editor			
Logipam (하			
Other		9	
Backup battery	Lithium battery (4)		
Front memory cartridge with settings		7	

- (1) LPCT: low-power current transformer complying with standard IEC 60044-8.
- (2) Control matrix for simple assignment of information from the protection, control and monitoring functions.
- $\it (3)$ Logipam ladder language (PC programming environment) to make full use of Sepam series 80 functions.
- (4) Standard lithium battery 1/2 AA format, 3.6 V, front face exchangeable.



Schneider 39



	Series	40	, mark	Series 60							
Protections			State and Albert	100							
Current			B	3		33					
Voltage	-	NA .	III		#	#					
Frequency		ia	8	100	8	10					
Specifics		Directional earth fault	Directional earth fault and phase overcurrent		Directional earth fault	Directional earth fault and phase overcurrent					
Applications			90.00	Š		į.					
Substation	S40	S41, S43	S42	S60		S62					
Busbar	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Transformer	T40	rena na mais ar sa mais ar ar an in mais ar an	T42	T60	alan er anna an easann en dana er anna de de ea	T62					
Motor		M41			M61						
Generator	G40			G60		G62					
Capacitor	er Stadistroment et relieb des de vertimens set et 1915	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		C60	nerentrotherinstatet i Earlich von Chreekel bescheide ender territ	tion, www.com/distribution.com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/com/					
Characteristics			3								
Logic inputs	0 to 10		25.0	0 to 28		:					
Logic outputs	4108		3	4 to 16							
Temperature sensors	0 to 16			D to 16							
Channel	Ì										
Current	3 + lo		2000	3 I + lo							
Voltage	3V, 2U + V	0	2	3V, 2U + 1	√o or Vnt						
LPCT (1)	9		2.2 2.2 2.2								
Communication ports	1 to 2			1 to 2							
IEC61850 Protocol	22		3	•							
Control	9			V V							
Matrix (2)	ISS										
Logic equation editor											
Logipam (3)	i i										
Other	Š		Ž	3							
Backup battery	48 hours	***************************************		Lithium b	attery (4)						
Front memory cartridge with settings											



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Protection and control monitoring Sepamselection guide for all applications

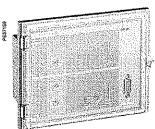
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	2017:44VZ2dVS							
	# T							
					M			
Protections								
Current	III	M	E	E		B		20
Voltage	E.	W	MP	1	盤	2		H
Frequency		H		22	華	##		E
Specifics		Directional earth fault	Directional earth fault and phase overcurrent	Disconnection by rate of change of frequency	Transformer & transformer- machine unit differential	Machine differential	Voltage and frequency protection for 2 sets of busbars	Capacitor-bank unbalance
Applications	V V						į	-
Substation	S80	S81	S82	S84				
Busbar	B80						B83	
Transformer		T81	T82		T87			
Motor	ĵ j	M81			M88	M87		
Generator	Ž		G82		G88	G87	i	
Capacitor					Tachal delined (columns confirmed of polarish on a to	akahandi kumahala mili man mahaman hara an		C86
Characteristics	Š				2			
Logic inputs	0 to 42				0 to 42		0 to 42	0 to 42
Logic outputs	5 to 23				5 to 23		5 to 23	5 to 23
Temperature sensors	D to 16				0 to 16		0 to 16	0 to 16
Channel	1				1		<u> </u>	(a)
Current	31+2xlo				2x31+2x10		31+lo	2x31+2xlo
Voltage	3V + Vo				3V + Vo		2 x 3V + 2 x Vo	3V + Vo
LPCT [1]					100		6	
Communication ports	2 to 4	······································			2 to 4		2 to 4	2 to 4
IEC61850 Protocol	111				161		10	
Control]			
Matrix (2)								1
Logic equation editor					8		H	
Logipam [3]					•			* *
Other Backup battery	Lithium ba	attery [4]			Lithium batter	/ (-0)	Lithium battery (4)	Lithium battery
Front memory cartridge with settings	•				=		2	



⁽¹⁾ LPCT: low-power current transformer complying with standard IEC 60044-8.
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Protection and control monitoring VIP 35 protection relay VIP 300 LL protection relay

VIP 35



VIP 35 relay for transformer protection

Integrated in the DM1-S and DMV-S cubicles for SM6 24 kV

The VIP 35 is an independent relay without an auxiliary power supply, powered by the current sensors, and actuating a Mitop release unit.

VIP 35 provides protection against phase-to-phase faults and against earthing faults.

Phase protection

phase protection is achieved by a definite time threshold which functions from 1.2 times the operating current (Is).

Earthing protection

- earthing fault protection functions with the residual current measurement taken from the sum of the secondary currents in the sensors. This is taken via a CRc, 8 A to 80 A gauge.
- me earthing protection is inverse definite time: its threshold and time delay can be set.

Setting the VIP 35 relays

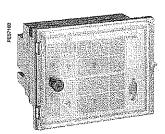
Is: the phase operating current is adjusted directly in accordance with the transformer rating and the operating voltage.

lo: the earth current threshold is adjusted according to the network characteristics.

Setting values of the Is phase operating current for VIP 35

Operating	Trans	ransformer rating (kVA)																			
voltage (kV)	50	75	100	125	160	200	250	315	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3150	4000	5000	6300
3	10	15	20	25	36	45	55	68	80	115	140	170	200								
3.3	10	15	18	22	28	36	45	56	70	90	115	140	200								
4.2	8	12	15	18	22	28	36	45	55	70	90	115	140	200							
5.5	8*	8	12	15	18	22	28	36	45	55	68	90	115	140	170						
6	8*	8*	10	12	18	20	25	36	45	55	68	80	115	140	170	200					
6.6	8*	8*	10	12	15	18	22	28	36	45	56	70	90	115	140	200					
10	8*	8*	8*	8	10	12	15	20	25	30	37	55	68	80	115	140	170	200			
11	8*	8*	8*	8*	10	12	15	18	22	28	36	45	55	68	90	115	140	170			
13.8	8*	8*	8*	8*	8	10	12	15	18	22	28	36	45	55	68	90	115	140	170		
15	8*	8*	8*	8*	8*	8	10	15	18	20	25	36	45	55	68	80	115	140	170	200	
20	8*	8*	8*	8*	8*	8*	8	10	12	15	20	25	30	37	55	68	80	115	140	170	200
22	8*	8*	8*	8*	8*	8*	8	10	12	15	18	22	28	36	45	55	68	90	115	140	170

^{*} Short-circuit protection, no over-load protection



VIP 300 LL

VIP 300 LL protection relay

Integrated in the DM1-S and DMV-S cubicles for SM6 24 kV

VIP 300 provides protection against phase-to-phase and phase-to-earth faults. A choice of trip curves and the large number of possible settings mean that it can be used in a large variety of selectivity layouts.

VIP 300 is an independent relay powered by the current sensors; it does not require an auxiliary power supply. It actuates a release unit.

Phase protection

- m phase protection is via two independently adjustable thresholds:
- the lower threshold can be chosen to be inverse definite time or definite time.
- The definite time curves are in conformity with IEC standard 60255-3.
- They are either of inverse, very inverse or extremely inverse type.
- a the upper threshold is inverse definite time.

Earthing protection

- protection against phase-to-earth faults uses the residual current measurement, taken from the sum of the secondary currents in the sensors. This is taken via a CRa X1 gauge: 10 to 50 A and X4: 40 to 200 A or via a CRb X1 gauge: 63 to 312 A and X4: 250 A to 1250 A.
- as for phase protection, phase-to-earth protection had two thresholds that can be independently set.

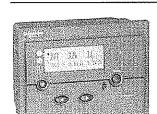
Signalling

two indicators show the origin of the trip operation (phase or earth). They remain in position after the relay power supply has been cut. two led indicators (phase and earth) show that the lower threshold has been exceeded and that its time delay is currently in progress.



ីដីសមានការសុទ្ធ ការ៉ាក់ នាងសម្រាប់ ស្នាក់ការប៉ុន្តែការ។

Protection and control monitoring Sepam series 10 with CRa/CRb sensors



Sepam series 10

Sepam series 10 with CRa/CRb sensors for transformer protection

Integrated in the DM1-S cubicle for SM6 24 kV with CRa and CRb sensors and DM1-A cubicle for SM6 36 kV with normal CT's

Sepam series 10 monitors phase and/or earth-fault currents.

Two models meet a wide range of different needs:

- 10B: Sepam series 10B protects against overloads, phase-to-phase faults and earth faults.
- 10A: Sepam series 10A provides the same functions as model B, but with a communication port, more inputs and outputs, and additional protection and monitoring functions.

Setting of Sepam series 10 for DM1-S 24 kV

Is: the phase operating current is adjusted directly in accordance with the transformer rating and the operating voltage.

to: the earth current threshold is adjusted according to the network characteristics.

Setting values of the Is phase operating current

Operating	Transformer rating (kVA)															
voltage (kV)	50 75 100 12	5 160	200	250	315	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3000	3500
3	19 . 24	31	38	48	61	77	96	121	154	192		Sul.	314:		57	(C)
3.3	22	28	35	44	55	70	. 87	110	140	175	4152	23-12	, dic		95	68 88
4.2		22	. 27	34	43	55	69	87	110	137	172	23.25	2000			aligna
5.5			21	26	33	42	52	66	84	105	131	168	24	120%	30.5	(111)
6			19	24	30	38	48	61	77	96	120	154	192	242.0	: 20E	3.43#/mil
6,6				22	28	35	44	55	70	87	109	140	175	230,2	EU)	facility.
10						23	. 29	36	46	58	72	92	115	144	173	lage is
11						21	26	33	42	52	66	84	105	131	157	184
13.8							21	26	33	42	52	67	84	105	126	146
15							19	24	31	38	48	62	77	96	115	135
20									23	29	36	46	58	72	87	101
22									21	26	33	42	52	66	79	92

Sensors types legend

CRa 200/1

CRb 1250/1



Schneider





All groups and principles of the analysis of the principles of the first

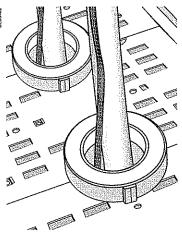
General common selection of protection units

Redebilionya		Halibali	oudans					
		Sepam						
		series 10	series 20	series 40	series 60	series 80	35	300
Three-phase overcurrent	50 ~ 51	te	125	[tit	129	13	[m: (2)	[_{10]} (1)
Zero-sequence overcurrent	50N - 51N	175	fill	f5i	15] sts.	[m (3)	eg (1)
Directional zero-sequence current	67N			173	155	[m		{
Undervoltage	27			[6]	20			
Overvoltage	59			62	S2	l tië		}
Thermal image	49	Fix.	B	āš	{ st	1 10		
Zero-sequence overvoltage	59N			573	13	VIX.		
Negative sequence overcurrent	46		10	9%	l to	70	-	
Long start-up and rotor blocking	51LR		100	533	799 177	19		
Maximum number of start-ups	66		1 55	R	rit.	50		į
Single-phase undercurrent	37		105	la la	J17	\$ 25T		P
Communication	,	13	850	13)	13	IX!	1	-

(1) DT, EI, SI, VI and RI trip curves.
(2) Inverse curve suited to transformer protection.
(3) DT trip curve.

Current sensor for VIP 35 and VIP 300LL and Sepam series 10 for 24 kV

Type	Dimensi	ons (mm)				Class of precision		VIP 35	VIP 300LL	Sepam 10
	External Ø	Internal Ø	Thickness (without fastening)	(kg)	transformation					
CRa	143.5	81	37.5	2.18		± 2% from 10 A to 100 A ± 1% from 100 A to 1600 A	On load 5.7 Ω (cal. x 1)		1/2	5t
					•	± 1% from 10 A to 10 kA	On load 0.67 Ω (cal. x 4)			
CRb	143,5	81	37.5	1.26	1/1250	± 1% from 10 A to 11 kA	On load 5.7 Ω (cal. x 1)		98	C
						± 1 % from 10 A to 25 kA	On load 0.67 Ω (cal. x 4)			
CRc	143,5	81	37.5	2	# · # - , · ·	S1-S2: ±5% from 10 A to 80 A ±2.5 % from 80 A to 600 A	On load 0,6 Ω	가		
						S1-S3: ± 2% from 20 A to 2200 A				



CRa, CRb, CRc current sensor

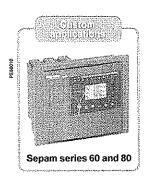


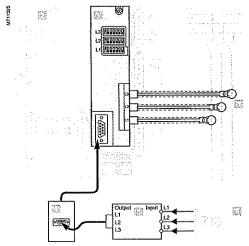
Protection and control monitoring LPCT protection chain











TLP130, TLP160, TLP190, CLP2 sensors for Sepam series 20, 40, 60, 80 protection units

LPCT sensors are voltage-output current sensors (Low Power Current Transformer) compliant with the IEC 60044-8 standard.

These sensors are designed to measure rated current between 5 A and 630 A, with a ratio of 100 A / 22.5 mV.

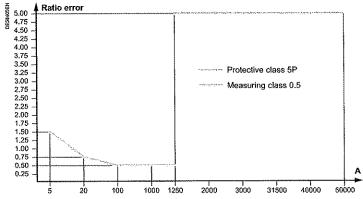
Sepam series 20, 40, 60 and 80 protection units are at the heart of the LPCT protection chain.

Sepam series 20, 40, 60 and 80 performs the following functions:

- acquisition of phase currents measured by the LPCT sensors
- w utilization of measurements by the protection functions
- tripping of the breaking device in case of fault detection.

Advantages

- \blacksquare Consistent protection chain with the same sensor measures phase currents from 5 A to 630 A
- Simple to install and implement:
- ☐ installation of LPCT sensors
- TLP130, TLP160 and TLP190 are installed around MV cable
- CLP2 is installed on the MV circuit
- □ LPCT connected directly to Sepam series 20, 40, 60 and 80
- $\ensuremath{\square}$ accessories available to test the LPCT protection chain by secondary current injection.
- LPCTs range of use
- LPCT measuring and protection function guaranteeing the accuracy up to the short-time current.
- Following the range of use of LPCT:
- ☐ from 5 Aup to 1250 A respecting the error limits imposed by the accuracy class 0,5
- ☐ from 1250 A up to 50 kA respecting the error limits imposed by the accuracy class 5P.



■ Optimized integration of functions:

□ measurement of phase rated currents as of 25 A that is set by micro-switch
 □ monitoring of LPCT sensor by Sepam series 20, 40, 60 and 80 (detection of phase loss).

Connections

- LPCT sensor, equipped with a shielded cable fitted with an RJ45 connector to be connected directly to the card
- Sepam series 20, 40, 60 and 80 protection unit
- Card interface that adapts the voltage delivered by the LPCT sewith microswitch setting of rated current.
- CCA671 card for series 60 and 80
- ☐ CCA670 card for series 20 and 40.

Testing and injection

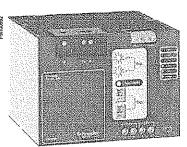
- CCA613 remote test plug, flush-mounted in front panel of cubicle, equipped with a 3-m cord to be connected to the CCA670 connector test socket (9-pin Sub D)
- SACE917 injection interface, used to test the LPCT protection chain with a standard injection box
- Standard 1A injection box.



PS100 high-availability power supply

Backup solution for MV switchgear power needs in the event of micro outages and power interruptions.

- m Easy maintenance with only one battery
- m Remote battery monitoring
- m High level of insulation to protect the electronic devices in harsh MV environments
- a End-of-life alarm possible via Modbus
- m Compliant with standards IEC 60 255-5 (10 kV level).



PS100

PS100 backup power supply for MV substations

Applications

The power supply unit supplies backup operating power for:

- MV switchgear motor mechanisms and circuit breaker coils
- Transmission equipment (e.g. radio)
- Control units such as RTU or Automatic Transfer System
- Protection relays, Fault Passage Indicators and others electronic devices.

High availabilty power supply

A battery ensures uninterrupted operation of the whole substation in the event of loss of the main supply. The backup power supply unit:

- Includes a regulated and temperature-compensated charger
- Stops the battery before deep discharge
- Carries out a battery check every 12 hours
- Measures battery ageing
- Forwards monitoring information via a Modbus communication port and output relays.

PS100 benefits

Only one battery

Traditional backup power supplies require a set of 2 or 4 batteries to produce 24 V or 48 V, with complicated replacement and adjustment of the battery pack.

The PS100 needs only one battery, simplifying replacement.

The battery is a standard sealed lead-acid 12 V battery with a 10-year service. It can be purchased easily, anywhere in the world.

Improved availability of MV/LV substations

The PS100 is designed to ride through power network interruptions of up to 48 hours. It is associated with a battery selected to meet the required backup time.

The PS100 protects and optimises the battery with state-of-the-art monitoring. A Modbus communication port forwards monitoring data to allow optimised maintenance operations. Perfect integration with the Easergy range to control and monitor your distribution network

Additional energy backup

The PS100 stops supplying power and reserves an "additional energy backup" to restart the installation after an extended power interruption.

The "additional energy backup" can be enabled with a local pushbutton to provide energy for restarting the protection relays and operating the MV switchgear.

Withstands severe substation environments

The PS100 includes 10 kV insulation, electronic protection against overvoltage and overloads, and automatic restart after a fault,

Main features

- DIN rail mounting for easy integration in any LV cabinet or MV/LV substation
- 2 power supply outputs:
- 12 Vdc 18 W continuous 100 W 20 s (for modern, radio, RTU, etc.)
- □ 48 Vdc or 24 Vdc 300 W /1 minute (for switchgear operating mechanism motors) and 90 W / continuous for protection relays, electronic devices, etc.
- RJ45 Modbus communication port
- 2 output relays (AC supply ON, Battery ON)
- Diagnosis with LEDs
- 1 sealed lead-acid 12 V battery with a 10-year service life (from NAh to 40 Ah)
- Power supply paralleling available with a 2nd PS100

 -40°C to +70°C operating temperature.

Range

■ PS100-48V

48 Vdc power supply and battery charger

■ PS100-24V ■ Bat24AH

24 Vdc power supply and battery charger 24 Ah long life battery

■ Bat38AH

38 Ah long life battery.







Characteristics of

Contents



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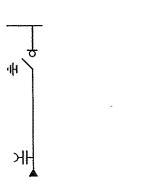




Functional units selection Switching

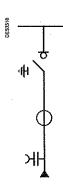
IM

Switch unit



IMC

Switch unit

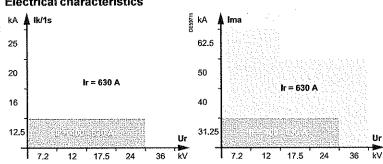


IMB

Switch unit with earthing switch Right or left outgoing



Electrical characteristics



Basic equipment:

- switch and earthing switch
- m three-phase busbars
- CIT operating mechanism
- voltage presence indicator ■ 150 W heating element for 36 kV
- connection pads for dry-type cables

three-phase bottom busbars for outgoing lines (right or left)

CI1 operating mechanism

- one to three CTs for 24 kV
- three CTs for 36 kV

Versions:

- Cl2 operating mechanism
- Cl1 operating mechanism
- m in 800 A version for 24 kV, consult us

Optional accessories:

- motor for operating mechanism
- auxiliary contacts
- key-type interlocks
- release units (coil)
- operation counter
- 1250 A three-phase upper busbars
- 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions for 24 kV
- w visibility of main contacts
- pressure indicator device
- enlarged low-voltage control cabinet for 24 kV
- 50 W heating element for 24 kV

■ CI1 operating mechanism for 36 kV

■ cable connection by the top (no internal arc withstand if selected)

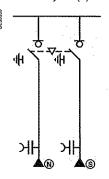


- Connection pads for two dry-type single-core cables for 36 kV
- a digital ammeter
- surge arresters (for 36 kV and for 24 kV in 500 mm width cubicle)
- 630 A busbars earthing switch cabinet for 24 kV (not available for internal arc IEC62271-200)

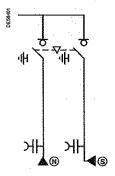
Functional units selection **Switching**

Automatic Transfer System for 24 kV

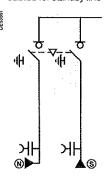
NSM-cables Cables power supply for main incoming line (N) and standby line (S)



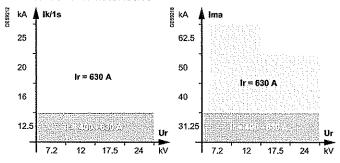
NSM-busbars Cables power supply for main incoming line on left (N) and busbars for standby line (S) on right



NSM-busbars Busbars power supply for main incoming line on left (N) and cables for standby line (S) on right



Electrical characteristics



Basic equipment:

- switches and earthing switches
- three-phase busbars
- Infee-priase busians
 connection pads for dry-type cables
 voltage presence indicator
 mechanical interlocking

- motorised operating mechanism Cl2 with open/close coils
- additional enclosure
- automatic-control equipment (T200 S)

- auxiliary contacts
- key-type interlocks
- 50 W heating element
- control and monitoring
- visibility of main contacts
- pressure indicator device
- 1250 A three-phase upper busbars
- 630 Athree-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions





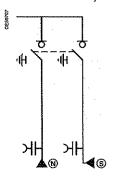
Switching

Automatic Transfer System for 36 kV

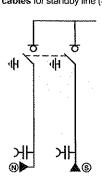


NSM-cables Cables power supply for main incoming line (N) and standby line (S)

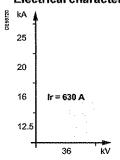
NSM-busbars Cables power supply for main incoming line on left (N) and busbars for standby line (S) on right



NSM-busbars Busbars power supply for main incoming line on left (N) and cables for standby line (S) on right



Electrical characteristics



Basic equipment:

- switches and earthing switches three-phase busbars 630 A

- connection pads for dry-type cables
 voltage presence indicator
 motorised operating mechanism CI2 with shunt trips
- additional enclosure
- automatic-control equipment150 W heating element

- auxiliary contacts
- key-type interlocks control and monitoring

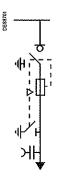


Functional units selection **Protection**

Fuse-switch

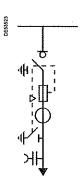
QM

Fuse-switch combination unit



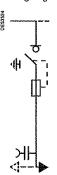
QMC

Fuse-switch combination unit

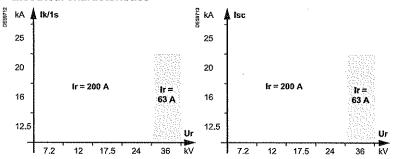


QMB

Fuse-switch combination unit Outgoing line right or left



Electrical characteristics



Basic equipment:

- switch and earthing switch
- three-phase busbars
- CI1 operating mechanism
- voltage presence indicator equipment for three DIN striker fuses
- mechanical indication system for blown fuses
- 150 W heating element for 36 kV
- connection pads for dry-type cables
- m downstream earthing switch 2 kA rms making capacity
- m one to three CTs for 24 kV
- three CTs for 36 kV

m three-phase bottom busbars for outgoing lines (right or left)

Version:

- equipment for three UTE striker fuses for 24 kV
- CI2 operating mechanism

■ Cl2 operating mechanism for 36 kV

- motor for operating mechanism auxiliary contacts
- key-type interlocks
- auxiliary contact for blown fuses
- DIN striker fuses
- release units (coil)
- m digital ammeter
- 1250 A three-phase upper busbars
- cable connection by the top (no internal arc withstand if selected)
- visibility of main contacts
- m pressure indicator device
- 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions for 24 kV
- enlarged low-voltage control cabinet for 24 kV
- 50 W heating element for 24 kV

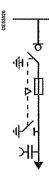


Protection

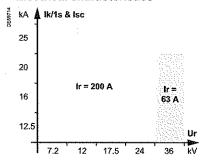
Fuse-switch



Fused-switch unit



Electrical characteristics



Basic equipment:

- switch and earthing switch
- m three-phase busbars
- CIT operating mechanism
- voltage presence indicator
- m connection pads for dry-type cables
- downstream earthing switch 2 kA rms making capacity
- m equipment for three UTE (for 24 kV) or DIN striker fuses
- m 150 W heating element for 36 kV

Version:

- CI1 operating mechanism
- Cl2 operating mechanism for 36 kV

- m motor for operating mechanism auxiliary contacts
- digital ammeter
- key-type interlocks
- mechanical indication system for blown fuses
- 1250 A three-phase upper busbars
- a cable connection by the top (no internal arc withstand if selected)
- UTE (for 24 kV) or DIN striker fuses
- visibility of main contacts
- m pressure indicator device
- 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions for 24 kV
- m enlarged low-voltage control cabinet for 24 kV
- 50 W heating element for 24 kV
- Release units for 36 kV





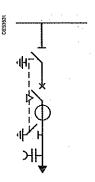
Protection

SF6 type circuit breaker



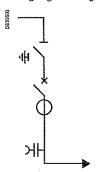
DM1-A

Single-isolation disconnectable CB unit



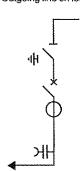
DM1-D

Single-isolation disconnectable CB unit Outgoing line on right

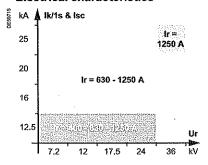


DM1-D

Single-isolation disconnectable CB unit Outgoing line on left



Electrical characteristics



Basic equipment:

- SF1 disconnectable circuit breaker
- m disconnector and earthing switch
- m three-phase busbars
- circuit breaker operating mechanism RI
- m disconnector operating mechanism CS
- voltage presence indicator
- mu three CTs
- m auxiliary contacts on circuit breaker
- mechanical interlocking between circuit breaker and disconnector
- m 150 W heating element for 36 kV
- m connection pads for dry-type cables
- downstream earthing switch 2 kArms making capacity at 630 A and 25 kArms making capacity at 1250 A

three-phase bottom busbars

■ LPCT (only with Sepam series 20, 40, 60, 80)

- m cubicle:
- auxiliary contacts on the disconnector
- protection using Sepam programmable electronic unit
- ☐ three voltage transformers
- ☐ key-type interlocks
- ☐ 1250 A three-phase upper busbars at ir 630 A
- a cable connection by the top (no internal arc withstand
- ☐ surge arresters
- ☐ 630 A busbars earthing switch cabinet for 24 kV (not available for internal arc IEC62271-200)

- SFset circuit breaker disconnectable (only for 400-630 A performances and 24 kV)
- $\,\Box\,$ 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions for 24 kV
- □ enlarged low-voltage control cabinet for 24 kV
- ☐ 50 W heating element for 24 kV
- ☐ connection pads for two dry-type single-core cables for 36 kV





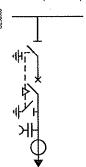
Protection

SF6 type circuit breaker



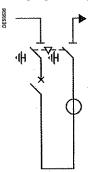
DM1-S

Single-isolation disconnectable CB unit with independent protection



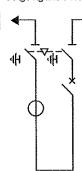
DM2

Double-isolation disconnectable CB unit Outgoing line on right

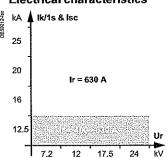


DM2

Double-isolation disconnectable CB unit Outgoing line on left



Electrical characteristics



Basic equipment:

- SF1 disconnectable circuit breaker
- disconnector and earthing switch
- three-phase busbars
- circuit breaker operating mechanism RI
- m disconnector operating mechanism CS
- auxiliary contacts on circuit breaker
- m mechanical interlocking between circuit breaker and disconnector
- VIP relay
- three CR sensors for VIP relay protection
- w voltage presence indicator
- connection pads for dry-type cables
- downstream earthing switch 2 kA ms making capacity

Version:

■ Sepam series 10 with auxiliary supply and three CR sensors

Optional accessories:

- m cubicle:
- ☐ three voltage transformers
- ☐ key-type interlocks
- ☐ 1250 A three-phase upper busbars at Ir 630 A☐ 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions for 24 kV
- ☐ enlarged low-voltage control cabinet for 24 kV

m circuit breaker:

- ☐ motor for operating mechanism
- ☐ release units (coil)
- operation counter on manual operating mechanism

■ three CTs

m 150 Wheating element for 36 kV

■ cubicle

- protection using Sepam programmable electronic unit
- auxiliary contacts on disconnectors
- □ 2 voltage transformers phase-to-phase or 3 voltage transformers phase-to-earth
- □ cable connection by the top
- □ 50 W heating element for 24 kV





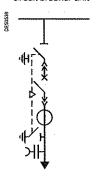
Protection

SF6 type circuit breaker



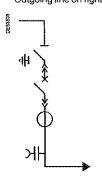
DM1-W

Withdrawable single-isolation circuit breaker unit



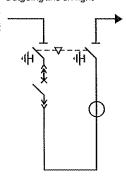
DM1-Z

Withdrawable single-isolation CB unit Outgoing line on right

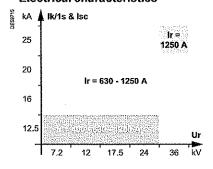


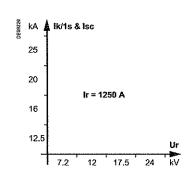
DM2-W

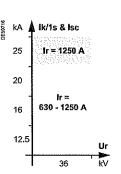
Withdrawable double-isolation CB unit Outgoing line on right



Electrical characteristics







Basic equipment:

- SF1 withdrawable circuit breaker
- disconnector and earthing switch
- three-phase busbars
- circuit breaker operating mechanism RI
- disconnector operating mechanism CS
- voltage presence indicator
- three CTs
- auxiliary contacts on circuit breaker
- 150 Wheating element for 36 kV
- mechanical interlocking between circuit breaker and disconnector
- m earthing switch operating mechanism CC
- connection pads for dry-type cables
- m downstream earthing switch 25 kArms making capacity

■ LPCT (only with Sepam series 20, 40 and 80)

Optional accessories:

- m cubicle:
- auxiliary contacts on the disconnector
- ☐ protection using Sepam programmable electronic unit
- ☐ key-type interlocks
- three voltage transformers for 24 kV
- ☐ connection enclosure for cabling from above for 24 kV
- ☐ 50 W heating element for 24 kV
- □ enlarged low-voltage control cabinet for 24 kV
- ☐ 1250 A three-phase upper busbars at Ir 630 A
- □ 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe
- operating conditions for 24 kV
- ☐ surge arresters (only for 630 A and 24 kV)

m circuit breaker:

m three-phase busbars

- motor for operating mechanism
- ☐ release units (coil)
- ☐ operation counter on manual operating mechanism

- □ auxiliary contacts on the disconnector
- □ key-type interlocks
- □ protection using Sepam programmable electronic unit

a circuit breaker:

- motor for operating mechanism
- D operation counter on manual operating mechanism
- D opening and closing shunt trips



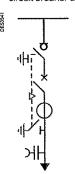
Protection

Vacuum type circuit breaker



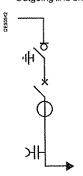
DMV-A

Single-isolation circuit breaker unit



DMV-D

Single-isolation circuit breaker unit Outgoing line on right



m circuit breaker:

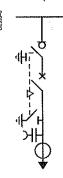
□ release units (coil)

☐ motor for operating mechanism

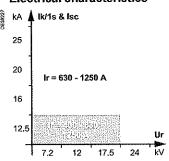
operation counter on manual operating mechanism

DMV-S

Single-isolation circuit breaker unit with independent protection



Electrical characteristics



Basic equipment:

- Evolis circuit breaker frontal
- switch and earthing switch for 400 630 A
- disconnector and earthing switch for 1250 A
- three-phase busbars
- circuit breaker operating mechanism P2
- disconnector and switch operating mechanism CIT
- w voltage presence indicator
- auxiliary contacts on circuit breaker
- Sepam series 20 programmable electronic unit
- connection pads for dry-type cables
- downstream earthing switch 25 kArms making capacity

- 3 CR sensors for VIP relay
- ViP protection relay
- connection pads for dry-type cables
- downstream earthing switch
- 25 kArms making capacity

Optional accessories:

w cubicle:

- auxiliary contacts on the disconnector
- ☐ three voltage transformers
- ☐ key-type interlocks
- ☐ 50 W heating element
- □ connection enclosure for cabling from above
- ☐ 1250 A three-phase upper busbars at Ir 630 A
- G 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions
- ☐ enlarged low-voltage control cabinet



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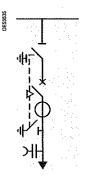
Functional units selection

Protection

Vacuum type circuit breaker

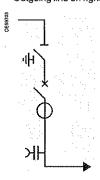
DMVL-A

Single-isolation disconnectable circuit breaker unit

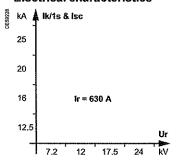


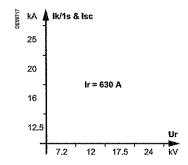
DMVL-D

Single-isolation disconnectable circuit breaker unit Outgoing line on right



Electrical characteristics





Basic equipment:

- Evolis circuit breaker lateral disconnectable
- disconnector and earthing switch
- mechanical interlocking between circuit breaker and disconnector
- m three-phase busbars
- circuit breaker operating mechanism RI
- disconnector operating mechanism CS
- voltage presence indicator
- auxiliary contacts on circuit breaker
- 3 CTs
- connection pads for dry-type cables
- downstream earthing switch 2 kArms making capacity

Optional accessories:

- a cubicle:
- ☐ auxiliary contacts on the disconnector
- ☐ three voltage transformers
- ☐ key-type interlocks
- □ 50 W heating element
- □ connection enclosure for cabling from above
- ☐ 1250 A three-phase upper busbars at Ir 630 A
- O 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions
- ☐ enlarged low-voltage control cabinet
- ☐ Sepam relay protection
- ☐ surge arresters

- circuit breaker:□ motor for operating mechanism
- release units (coil)
- operation counter on manual operating mechanism



>



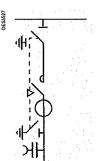
Characteristics of

Functional units selection Protection

Contactor (Direct Motor Starter) for 24 kV

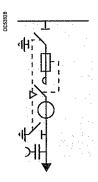


Disconnectable contactor unit

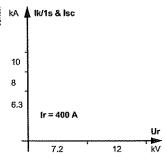


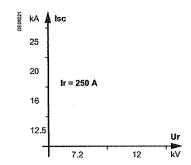
CVM

Disconnectable contactor unit with fuses









Basic equipment:

- vacuum contactor
- disconnector and earthing switch
- three-phase busbars
- contactor operating mechanism with magnetic holding or contactor with mechanical latching
- disconnector operating mechanism CS
- m one to three current transformers
- auxiliary contacts on contactor
- connection pads for dry-type cables
- w voltage presence indicator
- downstream earthing switch 2 kArms making capacity
- m operation counter on contactor
- m enlarged low-voltage control cabinet
- mechanical interlocking between contactor and disconnector/earthing switch
 - equipment for three DIN striker fuses
 - mechanical indication system for blown fuses
 - m auxiliary contact for blown fuses

■ LPCT (only with Sepam series 20, 40, 60, 80)

Optional accessories:

Version:

- auxiliary contacts on the disconnector
- protection using Sepam programmable electronic unit
- one to three voltage transformers
- ☐ key-type interlocks
- ☐ 50 Wheating element
- ☐ 1250 A three-phase upper busbars☐ 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions
- m contactor:
- □ mechanical interlocking

m DIN striker fuses



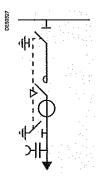


Functional units selection Protection

Contactor (Direct Motor Starter) for 24 kV

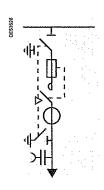


CRM Contactor unit

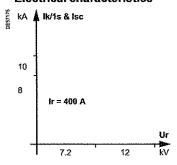


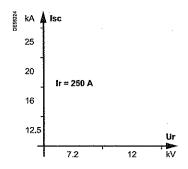
CRM

Contactor unit with fuses



Electrical characteristics





Basic equipment:

- SF6 contactor
- disconnector and earthing switch
- three-phase busbars
- contactor operating mechanism with magnetic holding or contactor with mechanical latching
- disconnector operating mechanism CS
- one to three current transformers
- auxiliary contacts on contactor
 connection pads for dry-type cables
- voltage presence indicator
 downstream earthing switch 2 kArms making capacity
- operation counter on contactor
 enlarged low-voltage control cabinet

m equipment for three DIN striker fuses

Optional accessories:

- m cubicle:
- $\ensuremath{\square}$ auxiliary contacts on the disconnector
- protection using Sepam programmable electronic unit
- ☐ one to three voltage transformers
- □ key-type interlocks
- □ 50 W heating element
- ☐ 1250 A three-phase upper busbars
- ☐ 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions
- m contactor:
- ☐ mechanical interlocking

m DIN striker fuses



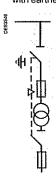


Characteristics of तिकेत राष्ट्र के तार्थ कर होते हैं राज्यता हर के वा द्वारा की है, व्य

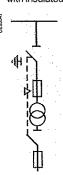
Functional units selection Metering

CM

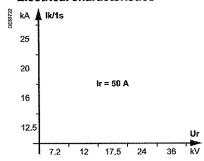
Voltage transformers unit for network with earthed neutral system



Voltage transformers unit for network with insulated neutral system



Electrical characteristics



Basic equipment:

- m disconnector and earthing switch
- three-phase busbars operating mechanism CS
- LV circuit isolation switch
- LV fuses
- three 6.3 A UTE or DIN type fuses
- 150 W heating element for 36 kV
- three-voltage transformers (phase-to-earth)
- two voltage transformers (phase-to-phase)

- auxiliary contacts
- mechanical signalling and auxiliary contact for blown fuses
- 1250 A three-phase upper busbars
- m cable connection by the top (no internal arc withstand if selected)
- 50 W heating element for 24 kV
- 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions for 24 kV
- m enlarged low-voltage control cabinet for 24 kV



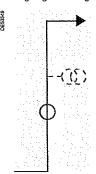


Characteristics of

Functional units selection Metering

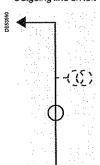


Current and/or voltage measurements unit Outgoing line on right



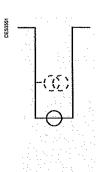
GBC-A

Current and/or voltage measurements unit Outgoing line on left

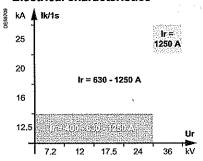


GBC-B

Current and/or voltage measurements unit



Electrical characteristics



Basic equipment:

- one to three CTs for 24 kV■ three CTs for 36 kV
- connection bars
- m three-phase busbars
- 150 W heating element for 36 kV

- 1250 Athree-phase upper busbars at Ir 630 A for 24 kV
- enlarged low-voltage control cabinet for 24 kV
- three voltage transformers (phase-to-earth) or two voltage transformers (phase-to-phase) for 24 kV
- 50 W heating element for 24 kV
- cable connection by the top for 36 kV (no internal arc withstand if selected)



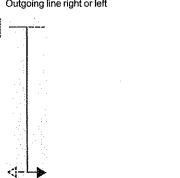


Characteristics of the ferentiscensis critici

Functional units selection Other functions



Connection unit Outgoing line right or left



GEM

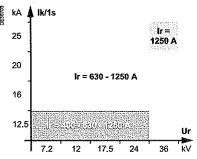
Extension unit VM6/SM6

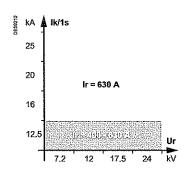


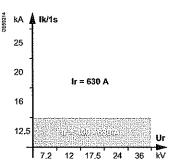
Intermediate bus unit



Electrical characteristics







Basic equipment:

- connection bars
 three-phase busbars for outgoing lines right or left
 150 W heating element for 36 kV
- metallic envelop
- three-phase busbars

metallic envelop

- 1250 A three-phase upper busbars at Ir 630 A
 enlarged low-voltage control cabinet for 24 kV
 cable connection by the top for 36 kV (no internal arc withstand if selected)



Functional units selection Other functions

Incoming-cable-connection unit

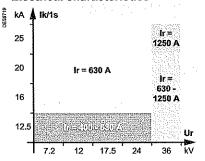


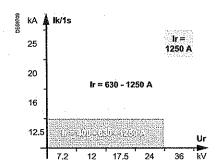
Incoming-cable-connection unit





Electrical characteristics





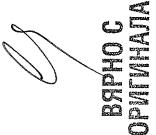
Basic equipment:

- in three-phase busbars
- voltage presence indicator
- connection pads for dry-type cables
- connection bars
- 150 W heating element for 36 kV
- me downstream earthing switch 25 kA rms making capacity
- m operating mechanism CC for 24 kV
- m operating mechanism CS for 36 kV

Optional accessories:

- fault indicator
- m digital ammeter
- 1250 A three-phase upper busbars at ir 630 A
- m enlarged low-voltage control cabinet for 24 kV
- cable connection by the top (no internal arc withstand if selected)
- 50 W heating element for 24 kV
- surge arresters for 36 kV

- auxiliary contacts
- key-type interlocks
- surge arresters for 24 kV



Schneider



Functional units selection Other functions



SM

Disconnector unit



TM

MV/LV transformer unit for auxiliaries

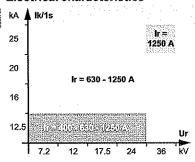


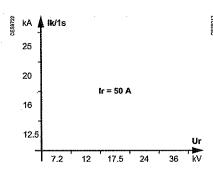
EMB

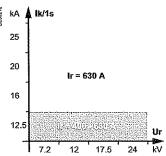
Busbars earthing switch cabinet



Electrical characteristics







Basic equipment:

- disconnector and earthing switch
- m three-phase busbars
- operating mechanism CS
- 150 W heating element for 36 kV
- connection pads for dry-type cables
- voltage presence indicator
- # two 6.3 A fuses, UTE (for 24 kV) or DIN type
- LV circuit isolating switch
- one voltage transformer (phase-to-phase)
- mearthing switch
- connection bars three phase
- operating mechanism CIT
 installation on 630 AIM 375 mm or DM1-A units (not available for internal arc IEC 62271-200)
- m require a key-type interlocks adapted to the switchboard network

Optional accessories:

- auxiliary contacts
- key-type interlocks
- 1250 A three-phase upper busbars at Ir 630 A
- cable connection by the top (no internal arc withstand if selected)
- enlarged low-voltage control cabinet for 24 kV
- 50 W heating element for 24 kV
- 630 A three-phase upper busbars for severe operating conditions for 24 kV
- digital ammeter for 24 kV
- surge arrester for 36 kV
- mechanical indication system and auxiliary contacts for blown fuses

auxiliary contacts



Operating mechanisms

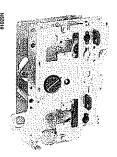
The control devices required for the unit operating mechanisms are centralised on the front panel. The different types of operating mechanism are presented in the table opposite.

Operating speeds do not depend on the operator, except for the CS.

Units	3						nanism Circuit breaker		
	£		ch/disconne Cl1 Cl2			7	*		
	CII	CIT	CIZ	(CS	UU	KI	P2		
IM, IMB	175	tu.	D				Į		
IMC	179	1.1	U		Ī	1			
PM	172	[]	17(1)				ŀ		
QM		[FI	U						
QMC, QMB		[2]	IJ		Ì	ì	į		
CM, CM2, CRM, CVM	Ì		Ì	123) i	ļ		
DM1-A, DM1-D, DM1-S, DM1-Z, DM2, DMVL-A, DMVL-D				100		DS	The Control of the Co		
DM1-A (2), DM1-W, DM2-W		Ì		179	[50	27	i		
DMV-A, DMV-D, DMV-S	(II)	ĺ	-	}	1		154		
NSM-cables, NSM-busbars		Ì	fili		Ì				
GAM 24 kV		Ì			F 127		1		
SM, TM, GAM 36 kV		1	i	570		}	1		
EMB	53					É	-		

- ☐ Provided as standard
- Other possibility
- (1) Only 36 kV
- (2) 1250 A version

Unitapplications				Load-break switch Fuse switch combination		Load-break switch Fuse switch combination			Disconnector	
Main circuit switch	Closing	Opening	Closing	Opening	Mechanism charging	Closing	Opening	Closing	Opening	
Manual operating mode	Hand lever	Hand lever	Hand lever	Push button	Hand lever	Push button	Push button	Hand lever	Hand lever	
Electrical operating mode (option)	Motor	Motor	Motor	Coil	Motor	Coil	Coil	N/A	N/A	
Speed of operation	1 to 2 s	1 to 2 s	4to7s	35 ms	4 to 7 s	55 ms	35 ms	N/A	N/A	
Network applications			1	Remote control transformer protection		Remote control network management, need of quick reconfiguration (generator source, loop)				
Earthing switch	Closing	Opening	Closing	Opening	N/A	Closing	Opening	Closing	Opening	
Manual operating mode	Handlever	Hand lever	Hand lever	Hand lever	Hand lever	Hand lever	Hand lever	Handlever	Hand lever	



Double-function operating mechanism CIT

■ Switch function

Independent-operation opening or closing by lever or motor.

Earthing-switch function

■ Earthing-switch function
Independent-operation opening or closing by lever.
Operating energy is provided by a compressed spring which, when released, causes the contacts to open or close.
■ Auxiliary contacts
□ switch (2 O + 2 C)*,
□ switch (2 O + 3 C) and earthing switch (1 O + 1 C),
□ switch (1 C) and earthing switch (1 O + 1 C) if motor option.
■ Mechanical indications
Europe blown in unit PM

- Fuses blown in unit PM.
- **■** Motor option

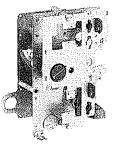
(*) Included with the motor option

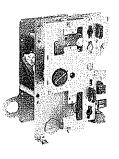


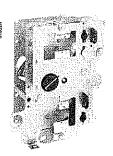


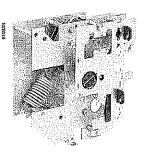
Operating mechanisms











Double-function operating mechanism CI1

☐ independent-operation closing by lever or motor.

Operating energy is provided by a compressed spring which, when released, causes the contacts to open or close.

☐ independent-operation opening by push-button (O) or trip units.

□ independent-operation opening by push-button (O) or trip units.

■ Earthing-switch function
Independent-operation closing and opening by lever.
Operating energy is provided by a compressed spring which, when released, causes the contacts to open or close.

■ Auxiliary contacts
□ switch (2 O + 2 C)*,
□ switch (2 O + 3 C) and earthing switch (1 O + 1 C),
□ switch (1 C) and earthing switch (1 O + 1 C) if motor option,
□ fuses blown (1 C).
■ Mechanical indications
Fuses blown in units OM

Fuses blown in units QM.

■ Opening releases

shunt trip,
undervoltage for unit QM.

m Motor option

(*) Included with the motor option.

Double-function operating mechanism CI2

☐ independent-operation closing in two steps:

1 - operating mechanism recharging by lever or motor, 2 - stored energy released by push-button (I) or trip unit

independent-operation opening by push-button (O) or trip unit.

■ Earthing-switch function
Independent-operation closing and opening by lever.

Operating energy is provided by a compressed spring which, when released, operating energy is provided by a compressed spring which, vicauses the contacts to open or close.

■ Auxiliary contacts
□ switch (2 O + 2 C)*,
□ switch (2 O + 3 C) and earthing switch (1 O + 1 C),
□ switch (1 C) and earthing switch (1 O + 1 C) if motor option.
■ Opening release shunt trip

■ Claring release shunt trip

Closing release shunt trip

Motor option

(*) Included with the motor option.

Double-function operating mechanism CS

m Disconnector and earth switch functions

Dependent-operation opening and closing by lever.

■ Auxiliary contacts
□ disconnector (2 O + 2 C) for units DM1-A, DM1-D, DM1-W, DM2, DMVL-A, DMVL-D, CVM and CRM without VT, ☐ disconnector (2 O + 3 C) and earthing switch (1 O + 1 C) for units DM1-A, DM1-D, DM1-W, DM2, DMVL-A, DMVL-D, CVM and CRM without VT, ☐ disconnector (1 O + 2 C) for units CM, CM2, TM, DM1-A, DM1-D, DM2, DMVL-A, DMVL-D, CVM and CRM with VT.

■ Mechanical indications

Fuses blown in units CM, CM2 and TM.

Single-function operating mechanism CC

■ Earthing switch function

Independent-operation opening and closing by lever. Operating energy is provided by a compressed spring which, when released,

provokes opening or closing of the contacts.

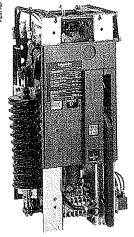
■ Auxiliary contacts

Earthing switch (1 O + 1 C).



Operating mechanisms





Single-function operating mechanism for the SF circuit breakers 24 kV and 36 kV and Evolis 24 kV lateral

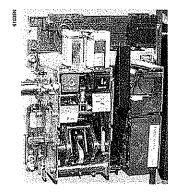
■ Circuit-breaker function

□ independent-operation closing in two steps.

First operating mechanism recharge by motor or lever, then release of the stored energy by push-button (I) or trip unit.

- ☐ independent-operation opening by push-button (O) or trip units.
- M Auxiliary contacts
- ☐ circuit breaker (4 O + 4 C), ☐ mechanism charged (1 C).
- Mechanical indications
- Operation counter.
- Opening releases
- ☐ Mitop (low energy),
- 🗆 shunt trip,
- □ undervoltage.
- m Closing release
- □ shunt trip
- Motor option (option and installation at a later date possible).

Possible combinations between opening releases SFset SF1 Release type Combinations Combinations 2 3 Mitop (low energy) 53 Shunt trip Undervoltage



P2 stored energy operating mechanism for the Evolis circuit breaker 17.5 kV frontal

m Circuit-breaker function

□ independent-switching operating closing in two steps.

First operating mechanism recharge by motor or lever, then release of the stored energy by push-button (I) or trip unit.

- □ independent-operation opening by push-button (O) or trip units.
- ☐ spring energy release.
- Auxiliary contacts
- ☐ circuit breaker (4 O + 4 C),
- ☐ mechanism charged (1 C).
- **■** Mechanical indications

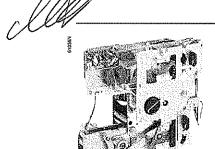
Operation counter.

- **■** Opening releases
- ☐ Mitop (low energy),
- a shunt trip,
- undervoltage.
- **■** Closing release
- a shunt trip
- Motor option (option and installation at a later date possible),





Auxiliaries



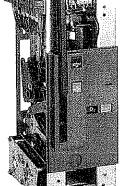
Motor option and releases for switch-units

The operating mechanisms CIT, CI1 and CI2 may be motorised.

Un		DC					AC (50 Hz)
Power supply	(V)	24	48	110	125	220	120	230
Motor option								
	(W)	200						
	(VA)						200	
Operating time fo	r CIT	1 to 2	? (s)				1 to 2	(s)
Charging time for Cf1, Cl2		4 to 7	7 (s)				4 to 7	(s)
Opening releases								
Shunt trip	(VV)	200	250	300	300	300	-	
	(VA)	1					400	750
Response time	(ms)	35					35	
Jndervoltage		1					1	
Pick-up	(W)	160						
	(VA)	1					280	550
Hold	(W)	4						
	(VA)						50	40
Response time	(ms)	45					45	
Closing release								
Shunt trip	(VV)	200	250	300	300	300		
	(VA)	Ţ					400	750
Response time	(ms)	55					55	

^{*}Please consult us for other frequencies.





Motor option and releases for SF6 type circuit breakers and Evolis 24 kV lateral

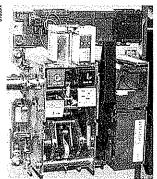
Operating mechanism RI may be equipped with the motor option for the recharging function.

Un Power supply	(V)	DC 24 48	110	125	220	120	50 Hz)*
* * *,	(٧)	24 40	110	123	220	120	230
Motor option		1				ı	
	(W)	300					
	(VA)						380
Charging time	(s)	15				15	
Opening releases							
Mitop (low energy)	(VV)	3					
Response time	(ms)	30				30	
Shunt trip	(W)	85				Ī	
	(VA)						180
Response time	(ms)	45				45	
Undervoltage							
Pick-up	(W)	160					
	(VA)					280	550
Hold	(W)	10					·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	(VA)		,			50	40
Response time	(ms)	55				55	
Closing release		•				į,	
Shunt trip	(W)	85				1	
	(VA)				(10	180
Response time	(ms)	65			/	65	1
*Please consult us for otf	ner freauei	ocies				11	}



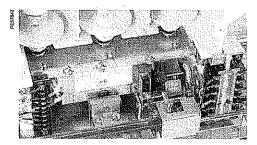
Auxiliaries





Motor option and releases for Evolis circuit breakers 17.5 kV frontal

Power supply	(Vac 50/60 Hz)		48/60	100/130	200/240				
	(Vdc)	24/30	48/60	100/125	200/250				
Threshold		0.85 to 1.1 Ur							
Consumption	(VA or W)	180							
Motor overcurre	ent	2 to 3 Ir during	0.1 s						
Charging time		6 s max.							
Switching rate		3 cycles per m	ninute max.						
CH contact		10 A 240 V							
Opening rel	ease (MITOP lo	w energy)							
Power supply		Direct current							
Threshold		0.6A<1<3A							
Response time		50 ms (protection relay setting)							
to the circuit bre	eaker at Ur		_						
Opening rel	ease (MX)								
	ease (MX) (Vac 50/60 Hz)	24	48	100/130	200/250				
		24 24/30	48 48/60	100/130 100/130	200/250 200/250				
Power supply	(Vac 50/60 Hz)								
Opening rel Power supply Threshold Consumption	(Vac 50/60 Hz)	24/30	48/60	100/130					
Power supply Threshold	(Vac 50/60 Hz) (Vdc)	24/30 0.7 to 1.1 Ur	48/60	100/130					
Power supply Threshold Consumption Response time	(Vac 50/60 Hz) (Vdc) (VA or W)	24/30 0.7 to 1.1 Ur Pick-up: 200 (48/60	100/130					
Power supply Threshold Consumption Response time to the circuit bre	(Vac 50/60 Hz) (Vdc) (VA or W)	24/30 0.7 to 1.1 Ur Pick-up: 200 (Hold: 4.5	48/60	100/130					
Power supply Threshold Consumption Response time	(Vac 50/60 Hz) (Vdc) (VA or W)	24/30 0.7 to 1.1 Ur Pick-up: 200 (Hold: 4.5	48/60	100/130					
Power supply Threshold Consumption Response time to the circuit bre Closing rele	(Vac 50/60 Hz) (Vdc) (VA or W)	24/30 0.7 to 1.1 Ur Pick-up: 200 (Hold: 4.5	48/60	100/130					
Power supply Threshold Consumption Response time to the circuit bre Closing rele	(Vac 50/60 Hz) (Vdc) (VA or W) saker at Ur asse (XF)	24/30 0.7 to 1.1 Ur Pick-up: 200 (Hold: 4.5 50 ms ± 10	48/60 during 200	100/130 ms)	200/250				
Power supply Threshold Consumption Response time to the circuit bre Closing rele Power supply	(Vac 50/60 Hz) (Vdc) (VA or W) eaker at Ur ease (XF) (Vac 50/60 Hz)	24/30 0.7 to 1.1 Ur Pick-up: 200 (Hold: 4.5 50 ms ± 10	48/60 during 200	100/130 ms)	200/250				
Power supply Threshold Consumption Response time to the circuit bre	(Vac 50/60 Hz) (Vdc) (VA or W) eaker at Ur ease (XF) (Vac 50/60 Hz)	24/30 0.7 to 1.1 Ur Pick-up: 200 (Hold: 4.5 50 ms ± 10 24 24/30	48/60 during 200 of 48 48/60	100/130 ms) 100/130 100/130	200/250				



Auxiliary contacts for vacuum contactor

The auxiliary contacts are of the changeover type with a common point. The following are available:

- $\,$ $\!$ 3 NO + 3 NC for the electrically held version (optional 3 NO & 3 NC additional auxiliary contacts),
- 5 NO + 6 NC for the mechanically latched version as standard.

470

20-40

Consumption (W)

Response time (ms)

Operating voltage	Minimum	48 V
	Maximum	480 V
Rated current		10 A
Breaking capacity	Vdc	60 W (L/R 150 ms)
	Vac	700 VA (power factor 0,35)

680

20-41



640

20-40



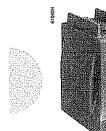


Current transformers for 24 kV



Synthesis table by unit

Unit	s QMC	CRM	CVM	DM1-A	DM1-D DMVL-D	DM1-W	DM2	GBC-A GBC-B	DMVL-A	DMV-A DMV-D	IMC	DM1-A DM1-D	DM1-W DM1-Z	GBC-A GBC-B	DMV-A DMV-D
тс		TANNETTHANNET		630 A								1250 A			
ARJP1	159	i mi	123		T	1	1		I	{	Ī	h.a		[{
ARM3	ì	Ì		15	122	Ħ	[12	IE.	E	1	-	`			
ARJP2		1	1				į.			15	183				Ī
ARJP3	ĺ	1	1	ŧ.				1		Ė.	(23	p	177	ÍP
CLP2	1	ĺ		<u> </u>	F/3	ĺ	Î		ì	1					[
TLP130	İ	-	E03	P.S.		III				Ì					

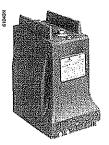


Transformer ARJP1/N2F

- m characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-1
- single primary winding
- m double secondary winding for measurement and protection.

Short-time withstand current Ith (kA)

l1n (A)		10	20	∮30	50	75	100	150	200
Ith (kA)		1.2	2.4	3.6	6	10	10	10	10
t (s)		1				want fallenissen and		e in the section of t	
Measurement	5 A	15 VA	- class 0	.5					
and protection	5 A		A - 5P20		******************************				



Transformer ARJP1/N2F

- characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-1
- single primary winding
- double secondary winding for measurement and protection.

Short-time withstand current lth (kA)

Official Chine to	*1.5-2.6464	ia variçi	is itel (itery)					
lin (A)		50	100	150	200			
Ith (kA)		6	10					
t(s)		1	•			***************************************		
Measurement 5 A		15 VA - class 0.5						
and protection	5 A	2.5 VA -	5P20					

Note: please consult us for other characteristics.

Transformer ARM3/N2F

- characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-1
- double primary winding
- single secondary winding for measurement and protection.

Short-time withstand current Ith (kA)

Situit-unite i	with plan	iu curren										
11n (A)		10/20	20/40	50/100	100/200	200/400	300/600					
ith (kA)		5	12.5	12.5/21*	12.5/25*	12.5/25*	25					
t (s)		1	0.8	1								
Measurement	and5A	7.5 VA - 6	7.5 VA - class 0.5									
protection	1A	1 VA - 10	P30									
	5 A	5 VA - 5P	10	5 VA - 5P1	15	***************************************						

^{*}For 5 A protection

- characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-1
- double primary winding
 double secondary winding for measurement and protection.

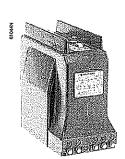
Short-time withstand surrent ith (kA)

2uott-time M	ıtnstar	ia current ith (KA)		11.	<i>\</i>				
I1n (A)		50/100	100/200	200/400	300/600				
Ith (kA)		14.5	25	25	1 25				
t (s)		1							
Measurement	5 A	30 VA - class 0.5							
and protection	5 A	5 VA - 5P15	7.5 VA - 5	P15					
	5 A	7.5 VA - 5P10	15 VA - 5F	10					





Current transformers for 24 kV







Transformer ARJP2/N2F

- characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-1
- single primary winding
- double secondary winding for measurement and protection.

Short-time withstand current Ith (kA)

I1n (A)		50	100	200	400	600
ith (kA)		25			······································	
t (s)		1	·····		···	
Measurement and protection	5 A	10 VA class 0.5	15 VA class 0,5	15 VA class 0.5	15 VA class 0.5	20 VA class 0.5
	5 A	2,5 VA 5P20	2.5 VA 5P20	5 VA 5P20	5 VA 5P20	7.5 VA 5P20

Transformer ARJP3/N2F

- m characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-1
- single primary winding
- m double secondary winding for measurement and protection.

Short-time withstand current Ith (kA)

			V
lin (A)		1000	1250
Ith (kA)		25	
t (s)	***************************************	1	
Measurement	1 A	30 VA - cl	ass 0.5
and protection	1 A	10 VA - 5	² 20
Measurement	5 A	30 VA - cl	ass 0,5
and protection	5 A	10 VA - 5F	² 20

Low Power Current Transformer (LPCT) CLP2

- characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-8
- large primary current range
- direct output voltage for measurement and protection
- RJ45-8 pts secondary connector
- insulation level 24 kV

E ILIBUIARUI FEVELZANV.	
Minimum rated primary current	5A
Rated nominal primary current	100 A
Rated extended primary current	1250 A
Rated nominal secondary output	22.5 mV
Accuracy class for measurement	0.5
Accuracy class for protection	5P
Accuracy limit factor	400
Rated short time thermal current	40 kA 1s
Highest voltage (Um)	24 kV
Rated power-frequency withstand	50 KV

- Low Power Current Transformer (LPCT) TLP130

 characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-8

 large primary current range
 direct output voltage for measurement and protection
 RJ45-8 pts secondary connector
 insulation level 0.72 kV

- internal diameter 130 mm.

Minimum rated primary current	5A
Rated nominal primary current	100 A
Rated extended primary current	1250 A
Rated nominal secondary output	22.5 mV
Accuracy class for measurement	0.5
Accuracy class for protection	5P
Accuracy limit factor	250
Rated short time thermal current	25 kA 1s
Highest voltage (Um)	0.72 kV
Rated power-frequency withstand	3 kV

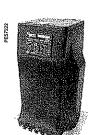




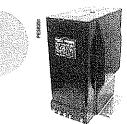


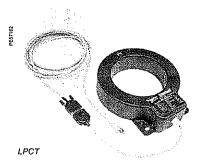
Characteristics of dise functional urifa

Current transformers for 36 kV



Current transformer ARM6T





For units DM1-A, DM1-D, DM1-W, DM2, DM2-W, IMC, GBC-A, GBC-B

Transformer ARM6T/N1 or N2

- m characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-1
- double primary winding
 double secondary winding for measurement and protection.

Short-time withstand current Ith (kA)

			•	•				
11n (A)		50-100	75-150	100-200	150-300	200-400	300/600	1000/1250
Ith (kA)		16 - 20			***************************************	·····	***************************************	25
t (s)		1	***************************************					1
Measurement and protection	5 A	7,5 VA-	15 VA - cli	ass 0.5				30 VA - class 0.5
	5 A	2.5 VA-	5 VA - 5P2	20				10 VA - 5P20

For units DM1-A, DM1-D, DM2, DM2-W

Transformer ARM9T

- characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-1
- m double primary winding
- double secondary winding for measurement and protection.

Short-time withstand current Ith (kA)

I1n (A)		1000/1250
Ith (kA)		40
t (s)		1
Measurement	5 A	30 VA - class 0,5 - Fs < 10
and protection	5 A	10 VA - 5P20

Low Power Current Transformer (LPCT) for units DM1-A, DM1-W

Transformer TLP 130, TLP 190

- characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-8
- large primary current range
- direct output voltage for measurement and protection
- RJ45-8 pts secondary connector
- insulation level 0.72 kV
- m internal diameter 130 or 190 mm
- in SM6-36, TLP 130 can be used for 630 A, TLP 190 can be used up to 1250 A.

	TLP 130	TLP 190
Minimum rated primary current	5A	5A
Rated extended primary current	1250 A	2500 A
Secondary output	22.5 mV - 100 A	22.5 mV - 100 A
Accuracy class for measurement	0.5	0.5
Accuracy class for protection	5P	5P
Accuracy limit factor	250	400
Rated short time thermal current	25 kA 1 s	40 kA 1 s
Highest voltage (Um)	0.72 kV	0.72 kV
Rated power-frequency withstand	3 kV	3 kV

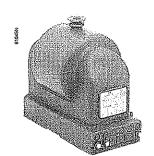




Voltage transformers for 24 kV

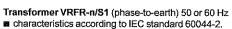
Synthesis table by unit

								-					
Units	СМ	CVM	DM1-A	DM1-D	DM1-W	DM2	GBC-A	GBC-B	DMVL-A	DMV-A	DMV-D	CM2	TM
VIs			Same	DMVL-D		Och Suisiv			30.25				
VRQ2-n/S1	(G		12.	l m	F0	R	রা	121	F				
VRFR-n/S1		PA								(B	Ħ	1	
VRC2/S1							割	Ei				155	
VRM3-n/S2							T/a	PA					
VCT24								Û.			Ì		ISI
VRC1/S1		133	i i									İ	



Transformer VRQ2-n/S1 (phase-to-earth) 50 or 60 Hz ■ characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-2.

Rated voltage (kV)	24	4					
Primary voltage (kV)	10/√3	15/√3	15-20/√3	20/√3			
Secondary voltage (V)	100/√3	···········					
Thermal power (VA)	250						
Accuracy class	0.5						
Rated output for single primary winding (VA)	30	30		30			
Rated output for double primary winding (VA)			30-50				



a characteristics according to in	.O Standard OUO44-2.
Rated voltage (kV)	17.5
Primary voltage (kV)	10/√3 15/√3
Secondary voltage (V)	100/√3
Thermal power (VA)	250
Accuracy class	0.5
Rated output for single primary winding (VA)	30
	:



Transformer VRC2/S1 (phase-to-phase) 50 or 60 Hz.

■ characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-2.

Rated voltage (kV)	24			
Primary voltage (kV)	10	15	20	
Secondary voltage (V)	100			
Thermal power (VA)	500		***************************************	
Accuracy class	0,5	7.		
Rated output for single primary winding (VA)	50			

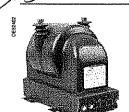


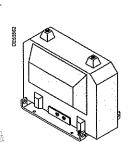
Transformer VRM3-n/S2 (phase-to-earth and protected by fuses 0.3 A) 50 or 60 Hz ■ characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-2.

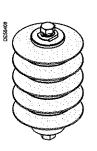
	Rated voltage (kV)	12	17.5	24	
	Primary voltage (kV)	10/√3	15/√3	20/√3	
	Secondary voltage (V)	100/√3 -	100/3		
First secondary	Thermal power (VA)	200			
	Accuracy class				
	Rated output for single primary (VA)	30-50			
Second secondary	Thermal power (VA)	100 €	·	***************************************	
	Accuracy class	3P	//		
	Rated output	50 (111		



Voltage transformers for 24 kV







Transformer VRC1/S1 (phase-to-phase) 50 or 60 Hz ■ characteristics according to IEC standard 60044-2.

Rated voltage (kV)	7.2					
Primary voltage (kV)	3.3	5	5.5	6	6.6	
Secondary voltage (V)	110	100	110	100	110	
Thermal power (VA)	300		*************	***************************************	······································	
Accuracy class	0.5					
Rated output for single primary winding (VA)	100			va mandralimanda da		

Transformer VCT24 (phase-to-phase) 50 or 60 Hz

Rated voltage (kV)	24								
Primary voltage (kV)	10	10 15							
Secondary voltage (V)	220								
Output (VA)	2500	2500	2500						
		4000	4000						

Note: the above mentioned voltage transformers are grounded neutral. For other characteristics, please consult us.

Surge arresters

For units IM500, DM1-A, DM1-W, GAM, DMV-A*, DMVL-A

	•			•	-
In (A)	400/630				
Un (kV)	7,2	10	12	17.5	24

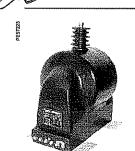
Note: the rated voltage of the surge arrester is according to unit's rated voltage.
(*) limited up to 17.5 kV for DMV-A circuit breaker cubicles.



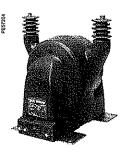
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Voltage transformers for 36 kV



Voltage transformer VRF3



Voltage transformer VRC3

For units CM, GBC-A, GBC-B

Transformer VRF3n/S2 (phase-to-earth)

- single primary winding single secondary

Rated voltage (kV)	36							
Primary voltage (kV)	30√3	33√3						
Secondary voltage (V)	100√3	100√3 or 110√3						
Thermal power (VA)	450							
Accuracy class	0,5	3P						
Rated output for single primary winding (VA)	30-50	30						

For units CM2

Transformer VRC3/S1 (phase-to-phase)

- single primary winding single secondary

Rated voltage (kV)	36	
Primary voltage (kV)	30	33
Secondary voltage (V)	100	100 or 110
Thermal power (VA)	700	
Accuracy class	0.5	***************************************
Rated output for single primary winding (VA)	50-100	And the second s

For units TM

Transformer VRC3/S1 (phase-to-phase)

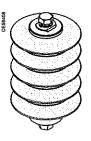
- single primary winding
- single secondary

Rated voltage (kV)	36
Primary voltage (kV)	30
Secondary voltage (V)	220
Thermal power (VA)	1000

Surge arresters

For units IM, DM1-A, SM, GAM2

rorumosti, birra, c	· · ·
in (A)	630
Un (kV)	36





Motors protection units

The current rating of fuses installed in units depends on:

- motor current rating In
- starting current Id
- m frequency of starts.

The fuses rating is calculated such that a current equal to twice the starting current does not blow the fuse within period equal to the starting time.

The adjacent table indicated the ratings which should be used, based on the following assumptions:

- direct on-line startup
- **■** ld/ln≤6
- m pf = 0.8 (P ≤ 500 kW) or 0.9 (P > 500 kW)
- m η = 0.9 (P ≤ 500 kW) or 0.94 (P > 500 kW).The indicated values are for Fusarc fuses (to DIN standard 43-625).

Example:

Consider a 950 kW motor at 5 kV.

$$\ln = \frac{P}{\sqrt{3} \cdot U \cdot \eta \cdot pf} = 130 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{Id} = 6 \times \ln = 780 \text{ A}$$

Then select the next higher value, i.e. 790 A. For six 5-second starts per hour, select fuses rated 200 A.

Note: the same motor could not be protected for 12 starts per hour since the maximum service voltage for the required 250 A rated fuses is 3.3 kV.

Selection of fuses for CRM units

The color code is linked to the rated voltage of the fuse.

Starting	Start	ing tin	Maximum service								
current (A)	5		10		20		voltage (kV)				
imit im O (1) con	Num	ber of	k eforeke ganes Europe of ved.								
	6	12	6	12	6	12	remarks and the second				
1410	250		 		-		a policina de la companya de la comp				
1290	250	250	250		Ī	·					
1140	250	250	250	250	250						
1030	250	250	250	250	250	250	3.3				
890	250	250	250	250	250	250					
790	200	250	250	250	250	250	7				
710	200	200	200	250	250	250					
640	200	200	200	200	200	250					
610	200	200	200	200	200	200	6,6				
540	160	200	200	200	200	200	Ì				
480	160	160	160	200	200	200					
440	160	160	160	160	160	200					
310	160	160	160	160	160	160	The state of the s				
280	125	160	160	160	160	160	9 1				
250	125	125	125	160	160	160	*				
240	125	125	125	125	125	160	· v				
230	125	125	125	125	125	125	-Target				
210	100	125	125	125	125	125	1				
180	100	100	100	100	100	125	Í				
170	100	100	100	100	100	100	11				

Selection of fuses for CVM units

Service voltage (kV)	Starting current (A)	Rated operational current (continous	Startin	g time (s)	10		30						
14900-15000	Current (A) Current (duty) ((Guty) (A)	Number of starts per hour										
180 20 30 16 3	ld = 6 x le	le	3	6	3	6	3	6					
3,3	1100	183	250	250	250								
	942	157	250	250	250	250	250	250					
	785	131	200	200	200	200	200	250					
6,6	628	105	160	160	160	200	200	200					
	565	94	160	160	160	160	160	160					
	502	84	125	160	160	160	160	160					
voltage (kV)	439	73	125	125	125	160	160	160					
	377	63	100	125	100	125	125	160					
	314	52	100	100	100	100	100	125					
	251	42	100	100	100	100	100	100					
	188	31	80	100	100	100	100	100					
	126	21	50	50	63	80	80	80					

Fuse selection method:

- **I** if $Id \ge 6 \times Ie$, use Id to select the fuses
- if Id < 6 x Ie, use Ie to select the fuses.</p>

Fuses are 292 mm long (Fusarc fuses). Fuses are only for short circuit protection. For 250 A fuses, it is necessary to delay the opening of the contactor.



Protection of transformers

PEST(6)

Fuse ratings for SM6 protection units such as PM, QM, QMB and QMC depend, among other things, on the following criteria:

- m service voltage
- transformer rating
- fuse technology (manufacturer)

Different types of fuses with medium loaded striker may be installed:

- ☐ Solefuse fuses as per standard UTE NCF 64.210
- \square Fusarc CF fuses as per IEC 60.282.1 recommendation and dimensions are related to DIN 43.625 standard.

For fuse-switch combination unit type QM, QMB, QMC, refer only to the selection table and reference list of fuses. For all other type of fuses, consult us.

Example: for the protection of a 400 kVA transformer at 10 kV, select either Solefuse fuses rated 43 A or Fusarc CF fuses rated 50 A.

Fuse selection table

The color code is linked to the rated voltage of the fuse Rating in A- no overload at -5° C < t < 40° C.

△ Please consult us for overloads and operation over 40°C for France Transfo oil immersed type transformers.

Type of	Service	Tra	sforn	ner rati	ng (kV	'A)							••••	***************************************					Rated
fuse	voltage (kV)	25	50	100	125	160	200	250	315	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	
Solefuse	(UTE NFC	standa	rds 13	.100.6	4.210)									edinalovos. Vilos Alei					
	5,5	6.3	16	31,5	31.5	63	63	63	63	63									7.2
	10	6.3	6.3	16	16	31.5	31.5	31.5	63	63	63	63	::		***************************************	·····		***************************************	
	15	6.3	6.3	16	16	16	16	16	43	43	43	43	43	63	Ţ.				
	20	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	16	16	16	16	43	43	43	43	43	63		n ja se	j bjirsti	24
Solefuse	(general ca	se, UT	ENFC	standa	ard 13.	200)													Shiphi
	3.3	16	16	31.5	31.5	31.5	63	63	100	100									7.2
	5.5	6.3	16	16	31.5	31.5	63	63	63	80	80	100	125	·					
	6.6	6,3	16	16	16	31.5	31.5	43	43	63	80	100	125	125				····	-
	10	6.3	6.3	16	16	16	31.5	31.5	31.5	43	43	63	80	80	100				12
	13.8	6.3	6.3	6.3	16	16	16	16	31.5	31.5	31.5	43	63	63	80				17.5
	15	6.3	6.3	16	16	16	16	16	31.5	31.5	31.5	43	43	63	80				
	20	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	16	16	16	16	31.5	31.5	31.5	43	43	63	indiq.	. Tribati	ala K	24
	22	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	16	16	16	16	16	31.5	31.5	31.5	43	43	63	1 11 11 11	a, legitigh	
Fusarc C	F and SIBA	(1) (ge	neral c	ase for	QM, C	MB ar	nd QM	C cubi	cle acc	cording	to IE	6227	1-105)						
	3.3	16	25	40	50	50	80	80	100	125	125		200(1						7.2
	5	10	16	31.5	40	40	50	63	80	80	125	125	160(1)		***************************************			-
	5.5	10	16	31.5	31.5	40	50	50	63	80	100	125	125	160(1	1) 160(1)	}		***************************************	-
	6	10	16	25	31,5	40	50	50	63	80	80	125	125	160 ⁽¹	160(1)			-
	6.6	10	16	25	31.5	40	50	50	63	80	80	100	125	125	160(1))	***************************************		ode .
	10	6.3	10	16	20	25	31.5	40	50	50	63	80	80	100	100	125(1	200(1	}	12
	11	6,3	10	16	20	25	25	31.5	40	50	50	63	80	100	100	125(1	160(1)	-
	13.8	6.3	10	16	16	20	25	31.5	31.5	40	50	50	63	80	80	100(1) 125(1	125(1	17.5
	15	6.3	10	10	16	16	20	25	31.5	40	50	50	63	80	80		125(1		
	20	6.3	6.3	10	10	16	16	25	25	31.5	40	40	50	50	63	80	100(1	125(1	24
	22	6.3	6.3	10	10	10	16	20	25	25	31.5	40	40	50	50	80	80	100(1	
Fusarc C	F for dry typ	e trar	sform	1ers (2)										eed eed day. Geen van	CHAIRE AND AN	vystia Viidos			
	30					10		10	16	20	25	31.5	31.5	50	50	63	63	rand kong lau	36
	31.5			***************************************		10		10	16	20	25	25	31.5	50	50	63	63		-
	33			***		6.3		10	16	20	25	25	31.5	40	50	50	63		-
	34.5					6.3		10	16	20	25	25	31.5	40	50	50	63		
Fusarc C	F oil immen	sed ty	pe tra	nsform	iers (2)				3000		SKNSH	Keni		200	stayin			75JASE	
	30	+.		* - 1711		10	V.06	10	16	20	25	31.5	31.5	40	40	50	63 💂	1	∖ 36
	31.5		••••			10		10	16	20	25	31.5	31.5	40	40	50	63 \	114	
	33			···		10		10	16	20	25	25	31.5	31.5	40	40	50	1	1

⁽¹⁾ SIBA fuses

⁽²⁾ This selection table has been prepared according to the technical characteristics of France Transfo. The characteristics of transformers and fuses may change according to manufactures and standards.